Bachelor of Science (Honours) Biotechnology

Programme Code: BSB

Duration – 3 Years Full Time

Programme Structure And Curriculum & Scheme of Examination With Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) 2018 Batch

AMITY UNIVERSITY RAJASTHAN

JAIPUR

BSc Biotechnology

Credit Summary Sheet

Semester	Core (CC)	Domain Electives (DE)	VA	Open Electives(OE)	Total
1	16	3	4	-	23
2	16	3	4	3	26
3	13	3	4	3	23
4	15	3	4	3	25
5	22	3	4	3	32
6	25				25
Total	107	15	20	12	154

Note:- CC - Core Course, VA - Value Added Course, OE - Open Elective, DE - Domain Elective

Course Code	Course Title	Category	Lectures (L) Hours Per Week	Tutorial (T) Hours Per Week	Practical (P) Hours Per Week	Total Credits
BSB 203	Microbiology	CC	3			3
BSB 301	Molecular Biology	CC	2			2
BSB 401	Recombinant DNA Technology	CC	3			3
BSB 501	Plant Biotechnology	CC	3			3
					Total	11

Minor Track: Introductory Biotechnology

B. Sc. (Hon.) H	Biotechnology					
Semester I						
Code	Course	Category	L	Т	P/FW	Credit Units
BSB 101	Biochemistry	CC	3	-	-	3
BSB 102	Bioanalytical Techniques		2	-	-	2
BSB103	Cell Biology	CC	3	-	-	3
BSB104	Plant science- I	CC	2	-	-	2
BSB 105	Chemistry – I	CC	2	-	-	2
BSB 121	Biochemistry -Lab	CC	-	-	2	1
BSB123	BSB123 Cell Biology -Lab		-	-	2	1
BSB124	Plant science- I-Lab	CC	-	-	2	1
BSB 125 Chemistry – I-Lab		CC	-	-	2	1
DE Electives:	Student has to select 1 course fro	m the list of fol	lowing D	E elective	es	1
BSB130	Term Paper	DE	3	-	-	3
BSB131	Biophysics	DE				
BSB132	Basics on Biotechnology	DE				
BCS 101	English	VA	1	-	-	1
BSS 103	Understanding Self for Effectiveness – I	VA	1	-	-	1
FLT 101	Foreign Language - I French	VA	2	-	-	
FLG 101	German					
FLS 101	Spanish					2
FLC 101	Chinese					
Total						23

B. Sc. (Hon.)	Biotechnology					
Semester II						
Code	Course	Category	L	Т	P/FW	Credit
						Units
BSB 201	Metabolic Regulation	CC	3	-	-	3
BSB 202	Plant science -II	CC	2	-	-	2
BSB 203	Microbiology	CC	3	-	-	3
BSB 204	Chemistry - II	CC	2	-	-	2
BSB 205	Genetics	CC	2	-	-	2
BSB 222	Plant science –II -Lab	CC	-	-	2	1
BSB 223	Microbiology-Lab	CC	-	-	2	1
BSB 224	Chemistry - II-Lab	CC	-	-	2	1
BSB 225	Genetics-Lab	CC	-	-	2	1
DE Electives:	Student has to select 1 course	from the list of	following	DE elec	tives	
BSB 230	Term Paper	DE	3	-	-	3
BSB 231	Bioinformatics	DE				
BSB 232	Enzyme technology	DE				
OE II	Open elective II	OE	3	-	-	3
BCS 201	English	VA	1	-	-	1
BSS 203	Behavioral Science – II	VA	1	-	-	1
	Foreign Language - II	VA	2	-	-	
FLT 201	French					
FLG 201	German					
FLS 201	Spanish					2
FLC 201	Chinese					
Total						26

B. Sc. (Hon.)	Biotechnology					
Semester III						
Code	Course	Category	L	Т	P/FW	Credit Units
BSB 301	Molecular Biology	CC	2	-	-	2
BSB 302	Animal science- I	CC	3	-	-	3
BSB 303	Chemistry - III	CC	2	-	-	2
BSB 321	Molecular Biology -Lab	CC	-	-	2	1
BSB 323	Chemistry - III-Lab	CC	-	-	2	1
DE Electives:	Student has to select 1 course from	m the list of fo	llowing I)E electiv	'es	-
BSB 330	Term Paper	DE	3	-	-	3
BSB 331	Protein engineering	DE				
BSB 332	Food Biotechnology	DE				
OE3	Open Elective III	OE	3	-	-	3
EVS001	Environmental Sciences	CC	4	-	-	4
BCS 301	Communication Skills – I	VA	1	-	-	1
BSS 303	Understanding Self for Effectiveness – III	VA	1	-	-	1
FLT 301	Foreign Language - III French	VA	2	-	-	
FLG 301	German					2
FLS 301	Spanish					
FLC 301	Chinese					
Total		I	1	I		23

B. Sc. (Hon.)	Biotechnology					
Semester IV						
Code	Course	Category	L	Т	P/FW	Credit Units
BSB 401	Recombinant DNA Technology	CC	3	-	-	3
BSB 402	Structural Biology	CC	2	-	-	2
BSB 403	Immunology & Immunotechnology	CC	2	-	-	2
BSB 404	Animal science - II	CC	3	-	-	3
BSB 405	Chemistry - IV	CC	2	-	-	2
BSB 421	B 421 Recombinant DNA Technology -Lab		-	-	2	1
BSB 422	Structural Biology-Lab	CC	-	-	2	1
BSB 423	Immunology & Immunotechnology-Lab	CC	-	-	2	1
DE Electives	: Student has to select 1 course from	m the list of fo	llowing D	E elective	s	
BSB 430	Term Paper & Industry Visit	DE	3	-	-	3
BSB 431	Downstream processing	DE				
BSB 432	Pharmaceutical Technology & Biotechnology	DE				
OE IV	Open elective IV	OE	3	-	-	3
BCS 401	Communication Skills – II	VA	1	-	-	1
BSS 403	Understanding Self for Effectiveness – IV	VA	1	-	-	1
	Foreign Language - IV	VA	2	-	-	
FLT 401	French					
FLG 401	German					
FLS 401	Spanish					2
FLC 401	Chinese					
Total	1	J	<u> I </u>	I	1	25

Note: After completion of the End Term Examination the students must compulsorily undergo Industrial Training of 1 month. The evaluation of this training would be carried out in V semester.

For domain elective: BSB430- Term Paper & Industry Visit: In addition to term paper Students must compulsorily undergo Industrial Visit (Cluster of 5-6 Industries) for One week and they will be graded on their learning outcome of the visit for one third component of this Term Paper & Industry Visit.

Evaluation will be as follows;

Term Paper: 2 Credit (70 Marks)

Industry Visit: 1 Credit (30 Marks)

B. Sc. (Hon) Biotechnology					
Semester V						
Code	Course	Category	L	Т	P/FW	Credit Units
BSB 501	Plant Biotechnology	CC	3	-	-	3
BSB 502	Animal Biotechnology	CC	3	-	-	3
BSB 503	Statistics for Biology	CC	3	-	-	3
BSB 504	Genomics & Proteomics	CC	3	1	-	4
BSB505	Clinical Research & Pharmacovigilance	CC	3	-		3
BSB550	Industrial Training Evaluation	CC	-	-	-	3
BSB 521	Plant Biotechnology -Lab	CC	-	-	2	1
BSB 522	Animal Biotechnology-Lab	CC	-	-	2	1
BSB 524	Genomics & Proteomics-Lab	CC	-	-	2	1
DE Elective	s: Student has to select 1 course fro	m the list of foll	owing DI	E elective	S	
BSB 530	Term Paper	DE	3	-	-	3
BSB 531	Bioprocess technology	DE				
BSB 532	IPR & Drug regulatory affairs	DE				
OE V	Open elective V	OE		-	-	3
BCS 501	Communication Skills – III	VA	1	-	-	1
BSS 503	Understanding Self for Effectiveness – V	VA	1	-	-	1
	Foreign Language - V	VA	2	-	-	
FLT 501	French	VA				
FLG 501	German	VA				
FLS 501	Spanish	VA				2
FLC 501	Chinese	VA				
		VA				
Total						32

D.5C DI 0	D.St Diotechnology. 0 SEMILSTER									
Course Code	Course Title	Category	Lectures (L) Hours Per Week	Tutorial (T) Hours Per Week	Practical (P) Hours Per Week	Total Credits				
BSB660	Project /Dissertation	CC	-	-	-	25				
	TOTAL					25				

B.Sc Biotechnology: 6th SEMESTER

BIOCHEMISTRY

Course Code: BSB 101

Credit Units: 03

Course Objective:

Biochemistry will be taught to the students in the first year itself, which will act as a foundation for all further courses in Biotechnology. The students will be familiarized with structures and functions of biomolecules and basic energetic that governs the biological reactions.

Module I: Introduction, Aims and Scope:

Chemical foundation of biology: Acid, Base, Buffer, pH, pK, Properties of water, oxidationreduction properties, hydrophilic and hydrophobic groups in biomolecules

Module II: Nature and Perspective of Biological materials

Introduction to Biomolecules. Types of chemical bonds, Covalent and non covalent interactions in biology. Hormones and growth factors. High energy biomolecules ATP, GTP & Creatine phosphate.

Module III:

Carbohydrates:

Classification, nomenclature, types, structures, properties. Properties and structures of few biologically essential polysaccharides. Structure of glycoproteins and protein polysaccharides. **Lipids**

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Classification, nomenclature, types, structures, properties. Biological Membranes: Function and properties. Lipoproteins and lipopolysaccharides.

Module IV:

Proteins:

Classification, structural organization of proteins, Types and properties of amino acids, name and abbreviations Characters of Peptide bonds

Nucleic acids:

Structure and properties of nucleic acids (DNA & RNA), Types and structures of nitrogenous bases and nucleotides

Examination Scheme:

Components	СТ	Attendance	Assignment/ Project/Seminar/Quiz	EE
Weightage (%)	15	5	10	70

Text & References:

Text:

- Conn, E., & Stumpf, P. (2009). Outlines of biochemistry, 7th Ed. John Wiley & Sons.
- Jain, J. L. (2004). Fundamentals of biochemistry, 6th Ed. S. chand.
- Berg, J. M., Tymoczko, J. L., & Stryer, L. (2002). Biochemistry, 7th Ed. WH Freeman and Co.

. References:

 Nelson, D. L., Lehninger, A. L., & Cox, M. M. (2008). Lehninger principles of biochemistry. 7th Ed. Macmillan.

BIOANALYTICAL TECHNIQUES

Course Code: BSB 102

Credit Units: 02

Course Objective:

The student will be exposed to principles, instrumentation & application of various instruments & techniques used in biological field.

Module I: Instruments, basic principles and usage

pH meter, absorption and emission spectroscopy, Principle and law of absorption, fluorimetry, colorimetry, spectrophotometry (visible, UV, infra-red), polarography, centrifugation, atomic absorption, NMR, X-ray crystallography.

Module II: Chromatography techniques

Paper chromatography, thin layer chromatography, column chromatography, gas chromatography, gel filtration and ion exchange chromatography,

Module III: Electrophoresis

SDS polyacrylamide electrophoresis, immunoelectrophoresis, Isoelectric focussing.

Module IV: Radioisotope tracer techniques and autoradiography

Examination Scheme:

Components	СТ	Attendance	Assignment/ Project/Seminar/Quiz	EE
Weightage (%)	15	5	10	70

Text & References:

Test:

- Wilson, K., & Walker, J. (2010). Principles and techniques of biochemistry and molecular biology, 7th Ed. Cambridge university press.
- Webster, J. G. (2004). Bioinstrumentation, 4th Ed. Wiley.
- Upadhyay, A & Nath, N. (2004). Biophysical chemistry, principle and techniques, 4th Ed. Himalaya Publishing House.

References:

- Van Impe, J. F., Vanrolleghem, P. A., & Iserentant, D. M. (2013). Advanced instrumentation, data interpretation, and control of biotechnological processes. 4th Ed. Springer Science & Business Media.
- Hollas, J. M. (2004). Modern spectroscopy. 4th Ed. John Wiley & Sons.

Cell Biology

Course Code: BSB 103

Credit Units: 03

Course Objective:

The objective of this course is to provide a conceptual frame work for dealing with the evolving understanding of cell. The students will learn about cell as a unit of living systems, its various organelles, their structure, function and metabolic processes.

Module I: Cell as a basic unit of living systems

The cell theory, precellular evolution; broad classification of cell types: archaebacteria, PPLOs, bacteria, eukaryotic microbes, plant – and animal cells; cell, tissue, organ and organisms, different levels of organization.

Module II: Ultrastructure of the cell membrane and cell organelles

Ultrastructure of cell membrane and function, Structure of cell organelles; golgi bodies, endoplasmic reticulum (rough and smooth), ribosomes; cytoskeletal structures (actin, microtubules.), mitochondria, chloroplast, lysosomes, peroxysomes, nucleus (nuclear membrane, nucleoplasm, nucleolus).

Module III: Chromosomes

Structural organisation of chromosomes, chromatids, centromere, telomere, chromatin, nucleosome organisations; eu-and heterochromatin.

Module IV: Cell division and cell cycle

Cell cycle, interphase, mitosis and meiosis

Module V: Cell – Cell interaction

Cell locomotion (amoeboid, flagellar and ciliar); cell senescence and death (apoptosis).

Module VI: Cell differentiation

Mechanism of cell differention (e.g., RBC); difference between normal and cancer cells.

Examination Scheme:

Components	СТ	Attendance	Assignment/ Project/Seminar/Quiz	EE
Weightage (%)	15	5	10	70

Text & References:

Text:

- Alberts, B., Bray, A., Johnson, J., Lewis, M., Roff, K., Robert, P., Walter & K. Roberts, (2013). Essential Cell Biology: An Introduction to the Molecular Biology of the Cell. 4th Ed. D. Garland Publishing Company.
- Robertis, D. (1987). Cell and molecular biology. 8th Ed. Saunders college publishing.

References:

• Lodish, H. (2008). Molecular cell biology. 7th Ed. Macmillan.

PLANT SCIENCE- I

Course Code: BSB 104 Course Objective:

Credit Units: 02

The objective of this course is to familiarize the students with the classification, morphology, reproduction and economic importance of various groups of lower plants which will provide the basic knowledge for the employment of these plants to study plant biotechnology.

Module I

General characters of algae, Various habitat, Cell structure in algae (special reference flagilla, stigma, Neuromotor apparatus and pigments), Classification of algae (F. E. Fritsch), Economic importance of algae, Life cycle of *Polysiphonia*

Module II

General character, thallus structure and reproduction in Lichen. General character, taxonomy and economic importance of bryophytes, life cyce of *Marchantia*

Module III

General character and taxonomy of pteridophytes, heterospory and seed habit in pteridophytes, steler system in pteridophytes and life cycle of *Marsilea*.

Module IV

General character and taxonomy of gymnosperms, life cycle of *Pinus*, economic importance of pteridophytes and gymnosperms.

Module V

General character and taxonomy of angiosperms, Description of Lamiaceae, Malvaceae, Euphorbiaceae, Poaceae, Cucurbitaceae and Rutaceae. Economically important plants for cereals, fibre, oil, timber and medicinal value.

Examination Scheme:

Components	СТ	Attendance	Assignment/ Project/Seminar/Quiz	EE
Weightage (%)	15	5	10	70

Text & References:

Text:

- Gangulee, H. C., & Kar, A. K. (1989). College Botany, Vol-II, 5th Ed. Books & Allied Pvt. Ltd., Calcutta.
- Singh, V. (2010). A text book of Botany. 4th Ed. Rastogi Publications.

References:

- Chapman, V. J., & Chapman, D. J. (1973). The algae (Vol. 2, pp. XIV-XIV). 2nd Ed. London: Macmillan.
- Kumar, H. D. (1990). Introductory Phycology. 2nd Ed. Affiliated East West.
- Kumar, H. D., & Singh, H. N. (1995). A Textbook of Algae Ed. 4th. Ed. East–West Press Pvt. Ltd. New Delhi.
- Parihar, N. S. (1961). Bryophyta (Vol. 1). 4th Ed. Central Book Depot.
- Parihar, N. S. (1965). Pteridophytes. 4th Ed. Central Book Depot.

CHEMISTRY – I

Course Code: BSB 105

Credit Units:02

Course Objective:

The objective of this course is to educate the students about molecules, their energy to form bonds, metallurgy of elements, kinetic theory of gases, Vander walls equation and also enzymatic catalysis.

INORGANIC

Module I

Chemical bonds and molecules, Shapes of simple molecules, bond energy, bond length, resonance and Hydrogen bond.

Module II

Radioactivity: Natural and artificial, group displacement law, half life period, binding energy, nuclear reaction equations, isotopes, tracers, radio dating, Application of radioactivity.

Module III

Periodic table: Modern periodic table, periodicity in properties of elements, atomic radii, ionic and covalent radii, ionization energies, electron affinity, electro-negativity.

Module IV

Metallurgy of S block elements (Na, K, Be, Mg, Ca)

PHYSICAL

Module V

Gases: Kinetic theory of gases, Vander Waal's equation, critical constants, Liquefaction of gases.

Module VI

Chemical-Kinetics: Velocity of a reaction, Law of mass action; determination of rate constants for first and second order reactions, collision theory of bimolecular reactions.

Catalysis: Promoters and Poisons, Enzyme catalysis.

Examination Scheme:

Components	СТ	Attendance	Assignment/ Project/Seminar/Quiz	EE
Weightage (%)	15	5	10	70

Text & References:

Text:

- Prakash, S. (2000). Advanced inorganic chemistry (Vol. 1). 19th Ed. S. Chand. •
- Soni, P. L., & Katyal, M. (1977). A Text-Book of Inorganic Chemistry. 20th Ed. Sultan Chand & Sons.
- Puri, B. R., Sharma, L. R., & Madan, S. P. (1993). Principles of Physical Chemistry, 46th Ed. Shoban Lal Nagin Chand & Co.

References:

Puri, B. R., Sharma, L. R., & Madan, S. P. (1993). Principles of Physical Chemistry, 4th Ed. Shoban Lal Nagin Chand & Co.

BIOCHEMISTRY LAB

Course Code: BSB 121

Credit Units:01

Course Contents:

Module I:

Preparation of buffer, Colour reactions of Carbohydrates (Molischs test, iodine test, Saliwanoff test, Fehlings/ Benedicts test, Bials test) Estimation of carbohydrate using spectrophotometer

Module II:

Colour reactions of amino acids Estimation of protein by Bradford method

Module III

Blood Cholestrol estimation Estimation of nucleic acid by spectrophotometer using UV range.

IA			EE				
Class Test (Practical Based)	Mid Term Viva	Attendance			Practical Record	Viva	
15	10	05	35	15	10	10	

CELL BIOLOGY LAB

Course Code: BSB 123

Credit Units:01

Course Contents:

Module I:

Cytological preparations, Fixation, dehydration and staining

Module II

Squash preparation of meiotic and mitotic cells.

Module III

Karyotyping, Embedding and sectioning.

		IA		EE				
	Class Test (Practical Based)	Mid Term Viva	Attendance	5		Practical Record	Viva	
ſ	15	10	05	35	15	10	10	

PLANT SCIENCE LAB – I

Course Code: BSB 124

Credit Units:01

Course Contents:

Module I Introduction to Algae and bryophyte Polysiphonia and Marchantia.

Module II

Introduction to pteridophyte and gymnosperm

Various steles in pteridophytes, Marsilea. and Pinus.

Module III

Taxonomy of some selected families of flowering plants- Lamiaceae, Malvaceae, Euphorbiaceae, Poaceae, Cucurbitaceae and Rutaceae.

Module IV

Economic Botany

Economically important plants for food, fibre, oil, timber and medicinal value.

IA			EE				
Class Test (Practical Based)	Mid Term Viva	Attendance	0		Practical Record	Viva	
15	10	05	35	15	10	10	

CHEMISTRY LAB - I

Course Code: BSB 125

Credit Units:01

Course Contents:

INORGANIC CHEMISTRY

Module I

Volumetric analysis: Oxidation-reduction titration using KMnO₄ and K₂ Cr₂O₇

Module II

Iodometry titrations: Estimation of sodium thiosulphate & potassium dichromate.

Module III

Preparation of the following inorganic compounds: Prussion blue from iron fillings, chrome alum, cuprous chloride and potassium trioxal atrochromate.

PHYSICAL CHEMISTRY

Module IV

Determination of surface tension and viscosity of liquids

Module V

Heat of neutralisation of a strong acid and a strong base.

Module VI

Solubility curve of KNO₃ or benzoic acid.

	IA			EE				
Class Test (Practical Based)	Mid Term Viva	Attendance			Practical Record	Viva		
15	10	05	35	15	10	10		

TERM PAPER

Course Code: BSB 130

Credit Units: 03

A term (or research) paper is primarily a record of intelligent reading in several sources on a particular subject. The students will choose the topic at the beginning of the session in consultation with the faculty assigned. The progress of the paper will be monitored regularly by the faculty. At the end of the semester the detailed paper on the topic will be submitted to the faculty assigned. The evaluation will be done by Board of examiners comprising of the faculties.

GUIDELINES FOR TERM PAPER

The procedure for writing a term paper may consists of the following steps:

- 1. Choosing a subject
- 2. Finding sources of materials
- 3. Collecting the notes
- 4. Outlining the paper
- 5. Writing the first draft
- 6. Editing & preparing the final paper

1. Choosing a Subject

The subject chosen should not be too general.

2. Finding Sources of materials

- a) The material sources should be not more than 10 years old unless the nature of the paper is such that it involves examining older writings from a historical point of view.
- b) Begin by making a list of subject-headings under which you might expect the subject to be listed.
- c) The sources could be books and magazines articles, news stories, periodicals, scientific journals etc.

3. Collecting the notes

Skim through sources, locating the useful material, then make good notes of it, including quotes and information for footnotes.

- a) Get facts, not just opinions. Compare the facts with author's conclusion.
- b) In research studies, notice the methods and procedures, results & conclusions.
- c) Check cross references.

4. Outlining the paper

- a) Review notes to find main sub-divisions of the subject.
- b) Sort the collected material again under each main division to find sub-sections for outline so that it begins to look more coherent and takes on a definite structure. If it does not, try going back and sorting again for main divisions, to see if another general pattern is possible.

5. Writing the first draft

Write the paper around the outline, being sure that you indicate in the first part of the paper what its purpose is. You may follow the following:

- a) statement of purpose
- b) main body of the paper
- c) statement of summary and conclusion

Avoid short, bumpy sentences and long straggling sentences with more than one main ideas.

6. Editing & Preparing the final Paper

- a) Before writing a term paper, you should ensure you have a question which you attempt to answer in your paper. This question should be kept in mind throughout the paper. Include only information/ details/ analyses of relevance to the question at hand. Sometimes, the relevance of a particular section may be clear to you but not to your readers. To avoid this, ensure you briefly explain the relevance of every section.
- b) Read the paper to ensure that the language is not awkward, and that it "flows" properly.
- c) Check for proper spelling, phrasing and sentence construction.

- d) Check for proper form on footnotes, quotes, and punctuation.
- e) Check to see that quotations serve one of the following purposes:
- f) Show evidence of what an author has said.
- g) Avoid misrepresentation through restatement.
- h) Save unnecessary writing when ideas have been well expressed by the original author.
- i) Check for proper form on tables and graphs. Be certain that any table or graph is self-explanatory.

Term papers should be composed of the following sections:

- 1) Title page
- 2) Table of contents
- 3) Introduction
- 4) Review
- 5) Discussion & Conclusion
- 6) References
- 7) Appendix

Generally, the introduction, discussion, conclusion and bibliography part should account for a third of the paper and the review part should be two thirds of the paper.

Discussion

The discussion section either follows the results or may alternatively be integrated in the results section. The section should consist of a discussion of the results of the study focusing on the question posed in the research paper.

Conclusion

The conclusion is often thought of as the easiest part of the paper but should by no means be disregarded. There are a number of key components which should not be omitted. These include:

- a) summary of question posed
- b) summary of findings
- c) summary of main limitations of the study at hand
- d) details of possibilities for related future research

References

From the very beginning of a research project, you should be careful to note all details of articles gathered. The bibliography should contain ALL references included in the paper. References not included in the text in any form should NOT be included in the bibliography.

The key to a good bibliography is consistency. Choose a particular convention and stick to this.

Conventions

Monographs Crystal, D. (2001), Language and the internet. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press.

Edited volumes

Gass, S./Neu, J. (eds.) (1996), Speech acts across cultures. Challenges to communication in a second language. Berlin/ NY: Mouton de Gruyter.

[(eds.) is used when there is more than one editor; and (ed.) where there is only one editor. In German the abbreviation used is (Hrsg.) for Herausgeber].

Edited articles

Schmidt, R./Shimura, A./Wang, Z./Jeong, H. (1996), Suggestions to buy: Television commercials from the U.S., Japan, China, and Korea. In: Gass, S./Neu, J. (eds.) (1996), Speech acts across cultures. Challenges to communication in a second language. Berlin/ NY: Mouton de Gruyter: 285-316.

Journal articles

McQuarrie, E.F./Mick, D.G. (1992), On resonance: A critical pluralistic inquiry into advertising rhetoric. Journal of consumer research 19, 180-197.

Electronic book

Chandler, D. (1994), Semiotics for beginners [HTML document]. Retrieved [5.10.'01] from the World Wide Web, http://www.aber.ac.uk/media/Documents/S4B/.

Electronic journal articles

Watts, S. (2000) Teaching talk: Should students learn 'real German'? [HTML document]. German as a Foreign Language Journal [online] 1. Retrieved [12.09.'00] from the World Wide Web, http://www.gfl-journal.com/.

Other websites

Verterhus, S.A. (n.y.), Anglicisms in German car advertising. The problem of gender assignment [HTML document]. Retrieved [13.10.'01] from the World Wide Web, http://olaf.hiof.no/~sverrev/eng.html.

Unpublished papers

Takahashi, S./DuFon, M.A. (1989), Cross-linguistic influence in indirectness: The case of English directives performed by native Japanese speakers. Unpublished paper, Department of English as a Second Language, University of Hawai'i at Manoa, Honolulu.

Unpublished theses/ dissertations

Möhl, S. (1996), Alltagssituationen im interkulturellen Vergleich: Realisierung von Kritik und Ablehnung im Deutschen und Englischen. Unpublished MA thesis, University of Hamburg. Walsh, R. (1995), Language development and the year abroad: A study of oral grammatical accuracy amongst adult learners of German as a foreign language. Unpublished PhD dissertation, University College Dublin.

Appendix

The appendix should be used for data collected (e.g. questionnaires, transcripts, ...) and for tables and graphs not included in the main text due to their subsidiary nature or to space constraints in the main text.

40%

Assessment Scheme:

Continuous Evaluation:

(Based on abstract writing, interim draft, general approach, research orientation, readings undertaken etc.) 60%

Final Evaluation:

(Based on the organization of the paper, objectives/ problem profile/ issue outlining, comprehensiveness of the research, flow of the idea/ ideas, relevance of material used/ presented, outcomes vs. objectives, presentation/ viva etc.)

BIOPHYSICS

Credit Units: 03

Course Objective:

The objective of this course is to educate the students about molecules, their energy to form bonds. The students will be familiarized with structures and functions of biomolecules and basic energetic that governs the biological reactions.

Unit I - Thermodynamics

Laws of thermodynamics, concept of free energy, unavailable energy and entropy, heat content of food, bomb calorimetry, chemical kinetics – rate, order, molecularity of reactions and energy of activation.

II – **Bioenergetics**

Energy requirements in cell metabolism, role and structure of mitochondria, high energy phosphate bond, electron transfer phenomenon and biological transfer.

Unit III - Biophysical properties

Surface tension, adsorption, diffusion, osmosis, dialysis and colloids

Unit IV – Molecular alphabets of life

Amino acids, nucleic acid bases and lipids, classification and properties of amino acids, peptides and poly peptides. Nucleosides, nucleotides, polynucleotides, pentose and hexose poly saccharides.

Examination Scheme:

Components	СТ	Attendance	Assignment/ Project/Seminar/Quiz	EE
Weightage (%)	15	5	10	70

Text & References:

Text:

- Patrick F. Dillon, (2012). Biophysics 3rd Ed. Cambridge University Press.
- Bloomfield V A & Harrington R E, (2012) Biophysics: An Introduction 2nd Ed. Springer.

References:

- Nolting, B, (2011), Methods in Modern Biophysics 3rd Ed. Springer.
- Cotterill, R. (2003). Biophysics: An introduction. 1st Ed. John Wiley & Sons.

BASICS IN BIOTECHNOLOGY

Course Code: BSB 132

Credit Units: 03

Course Objective

Understanding the fundamental principles of biotechnology and its application in agriculture, veterinary sciences, medical sciences, industry and environment.

Course Contents:

UNIT I

History of biotechnology, scope of biotechnology, introduction of genetic engineering, plant and animal tissue culture.

UNIT II

Fermentation technology, immobilized enzymes, vaccines, antibodies and hybridoma technology, diagnostics, embryo transfer technology, sexing of embryo, transgenics.

UNIT III

Genome, genome mapping, physical maps, genetic maps, different types of DNA markers and their applications.

UNIT IV

Application of biotechnology in agriculture, veterinary sciences, pharmaceutical industry, food industry, chemical industry and environment.

Examination Scheme:

Components	СТ	Attendance	Assignment/ Project/Seminar/Quiz	EE
Weightage (%)	15	5	10	70

Text and Reference Books:

- Course Becker, J. M., Cold Well, G. A. & Zachgo, E. A. (2007). Biotechnology a Laboratory, Academic Press.
- Brown, C. M., Campbell , I., & Priest, F. G. (2005). Introduction to Biotechnology, Panima.
- Singh, B. D. (2006). Biotechnology Ey xpanding Horiozon, Kalyani.

ENGLISH

Course Code: BCS 101

Course Objective:

The course is intended to give a foundation of English Language. The literary texts are indented to help students to inculcate creative & aesthetic sensitivity and critical faculty through comprehension, appreciation and analysis of the prescribed literary texts. It will also help them to respond form different perspectives.

Course Contents:

Module I: Vocabulary

Use of Dictionary Use of Words: Diminutives, Homonyms & Homophones

Module II: Essentials of Grammar - I

Articles Parts of Speech Tenses

Module III: Essentials of Grammar - II

Sentence Structure Subject -Verb agreement Punctuation

Module IV: Communication

The process and importance Principles & benefits of Effective Communication

Module V: Spoken English Communication

Speech Drills Pronunciation and accent Stress and Intonation

Module VI: Communication Skills-I

Developing listening skills Developing speaking skills

Module VII: Communication Skills-II

Developing Reading Skills Developing writing Skills

Module VIII: Written English communication

Progression of Thought/ideas Structure of Paragraph Structure of Essays

Module IX: Short Stories

Of Studies, by Francis Bacon Dream Children, by Charles Lamb The Necklace, by Guy de Maupassant A Shadow, by R.K.Narayan Glory at Twilight, Bhabani Bhattacharya

Module X: Poems

All the Worlds a Stage

Shakespeare

Credit Units:01

To Autumn	Keats
O! Captain, My Captain.	Walt Whitman
Where the Mind is Without Fear	Rabindranath Tagore
Psalm of Life	H.W. Longfellow

Examination Scheme:

Components	Α	СТ	HA	EE
Weightage (%)	05	15	10	70

Text & References:

- Madhulika Jha, Echoes, Orient Long Man
- Ramon & Prakash, Business Communication, Oxford.
- Sydney Greenbaum Oxford English Grammar, Oxford.
- Successful Communications, Malra Treece (Allyn and Bacon)
- Effective Technical Communication, M. Ashraf Rizvi.

* 30 hrs Programme to be continued for Full year

UNDERSTANDING SELF FOR EFFECTIVENESS - I (UNDERSTANDING SELF FOR EFFECTIVENESS)

Course Code: BSS 103

Credit Units:1

Course Objective:

This course aims at imparting: Understanding self & process of self exploration Learning strategies for development of a healthy self esteem Importance of attitudes and its effective on personality Building Emotional Competence

Course Contents:

Module I: Self: Core Competency

Understanding of Self Components of Self – Self identity Self concept Self confidence Self image

Module II: Techniques of Self Awareness

Exploration through Johari Window Mapping the key characteristics of self Framing a charter for self Stages – self awareness, self acceptance and self realization

Module III: Self Esteem & Effectiveness

Meaning and Importance Components of self esteem High and low self esteem Measuring your self esteem

Module IV: Building Positive Attitude

Meaning and nature of attitude Components and Types of attitude Importance and relevance of attitude

Module V: Building Emotional Competence

Emotional Intelligence – Meaning, components, Importance and Relevance Positive and Negative emotions

Module VI: End-of-Semester Appraisal

Viva based on personal journal Assessment of Behavioural change as a result of training Exit Level Rating by Self and Observer

Examination Scheme:

Components	SAP	Α	Mid Term Test (CT)	VIVA	Journal for Success (JOS)
Weightage (%)	20	05	20	30	25

Text & References:

- Davis, K. Organizational Behaviour,
- Hoover, Judhith D. (2002). Effective Small Group and Team Communication, Harcourt College Publishers.
- Charles: Team Management, Dick, Mc Cann & Margerison, Edition, viva books (1992)
- Bates, A. P., & Julian, J. Sociology Understanding Social Behaviour
- Dressler, David and Cans, Donald: The Study of Human Interaction
- Lapiere, Richard. T Social Change
- Lindzey, G. and Borgatta, E: Sociometric Measurement in the Handbook of Social Psychology, Addison Welsley, US.
- Rose, G. (1985). Oxford Textbook of Public Health, Vol. 4.
- LaFasto & Larson. (2001). When Teams Work Best, Response Books (Sage), New Delhi.
- Pfeiffer J W. (1996). Theories and Models in Applied Understanding Self for Effectiveness, Vol 2, Group Pfeiffer & Company.
- Smither R. D. (1994). The Psychology of Work and Human Performance, Harper Collins College Publishers.

FRENCH - I

Course Code: FLT 101

Credit Units:02

Course Objective:

To familiarize the students with the French language

- with the phonetic system
- with the syntax
- with the manners
- with the cultural aspects

Course Contents:

Module A: pp. 01 to 37: Unités 1, 2, Unité 3 Objectif 1,2

Only grammar of Unité 3: objectif 3, 4 and 5

Contenu lexical: Unité 1: Découvrir la langue française : (oral et écrit)

- 1. se présenter, présenter quelqu'un, faire la connaissance des autres, formules de politesse, rencontres
- 2. dire/interroger si on comprend
- aller interloger short co
 Nommer les choses

Unité 2: Faire connaissance

- 1. donner/demander des informations sur une personne, premiers
- contacts, exprimer ses goûts et ses préférences
- 2. Parler de soi: parler du travail, de ses activités, de son pays, de sa ville.

Unité 3: Organiser son temps

1. dire la date et l'heure

Contenu grammatical: 1. organisation générale de la grammaire

- 2. article indéfini, défini, contracté
- 3. nom, adjectif, masculin, féminin, singulier et pluriel
- 4. négation avec « de », "moi aussi", "moi non plus"
- 5. interrogation : Inversion, est-ce que, qui, que, quoi, qu'est-ce que, où, quand, comment, quel(s), quelle(s)
 Interro-négatif : réponses : oui, si, non
- 6. pronom tonique/disjoint- pour insister après une préposition
- 7. futur proche

Examination Scheme:

Components	CT1	CT2	С	Ι	V	Α
Weightage (%)	20	20	20	20	15	5

C – Project + Presentation

I – Interaction/Conversation Practice

Text & References:

• le livre à suivre : Campus: Tome 1

GERMAN - I

Course Code: FLG 101

Credit Units:02

Course Objective:

To enable the students to converse, read and write in the language with the help of the basic rules of grammar, which will later help them to strengthen their language.

To give the students an insight into the culture, geography, political situation and economic opportunities available in Germany

Course Contents:

Module I: Introduction

Self introduction: heissen, kommen, wohnwn, lernen, arbeiten, trinken, etc.

All personal pronouns in relation to the verbs taught so far.

Greetings: Guten Morgen!, Guten Tag!, Guten Abend!, Gute Nacht!, Danke sehr!, Danke!, Vielen Dank!, (es tut mir Leid!),

Hallo, wie geht's?: Danke gut!, sehr gut!, prima!, ausgezeichnet!,

Es geht!, nicht so gut!, so la la!, miserabel!

Module II: Interviewspiel

To assimilate the vocabulary learnt so far and to apply the words and phrases in short dialogues in an interview – game for self introduction.

Module III: Phonetics

Sound system of the language with special stress on Dipthongs

Module IV: Countries, nationalities and their languages

To make the students acquainted with the most widely used country names, their nationalitie and the language spoken in that country.

Module V: Articles

The definite and indefinite articles in masculine, feminine and neuter gender. All Vegetables, Fruits, Animals, Furniture, Eatables, modes of Transport

Module VI: Professions

To acquaint the students with professions in both the genders with the help of the verb "sein".

Module VII: Pronouns

Simple possessive pronouns, the use of my, your, etc. The family members, family Tree with the help of the verb "to have"

Module VIII: Colours

All the color and color related vocabulary – colored, colorful, colorless, pale, light, dark, etc.

Module IX: Numbers and calculations - verb "kosten"

The counting, plural structures and simple calculation like addition, subtraction, multiplication and division to test the knowledge of numbers.

"Wie viel kostet das?"

Module X: Revision list of Question pronouns

W – Questions like who, what, where, when, which, how, how many, how much, etc.

Examination Scheme:

Components	CT1	CT2	С	Ι	V	Α
Weightage (%)	20	20	20	20	15	5

C – Project + Presentation

I – Interaction/Conversation Practice

Text & References:

- Wolfgang Hieber, Lernziel Deutsch
- Hans-Heinrich Wangler, Sprachkurs Deutsch
- Schulz Griesbach, Deutsche Sprachlehre für Ausländer
- P.L Aneja, Deutsch Interessant- 1, 2 & 3
- Rosa-Maria Dallapiazza et al, Tangram Aktuell A1/1,2
- Braun, Nieder, Schmöe, Deutsch als Fremdsprache 1A, Grundkurs

SPANISH – I

Course Code: FLS 101

Credit Units:02

Course Objective:

To enable students acquire the relevance of the Spanish language in today's global context, how to greet each other. How to present / introduce each other using basic verbs and vocabulary

Course Contents:

Module I

A brief history of Spain, Latin America, the language, the culture...and the relevance of Spanish language in today's global context. Introduction to alphabets

Module II

Introduction to '*Saludos*' (How to greet each other. How to present / introduce each other). Goodbyes (despedidas) The verb *llamarse* and practice of it.

Module III

Concept of Gender and Number Months of the years, days of the week, seasons. Introduction to numbers 1-100, Colors, Revision of numbers and introduction to ordinal numbers.

Module IV

Introduction to *SER* and *ESTAR* (both of which mean To Be). Revision of '*Saludos*' and '*Llamarse*'. Some adjectives, nationalities, professions, physical/geographical location, the fact that spanish adjectives have to agree with gender and number of their nouns. Exercises highlighting usage of *Ser* and *Estar*.

Module V

Time, demonstrative pronoun (Este/esta, Aquel/aquella etc)

Module VI

Introduction to some key AR /ER/IR ending regular verbs.

Examination Scheme:

Components	CT1	CT2	С	Ι	V	Α
Weightage (%)	20	20	20	20	15	5

C - Project + Presentation

I – Interaction/Conversation Practice

Text & References:

- Español, En Directo I A
- Español Sin Fronteras

CHINESE – I

Course Code: FLC 101 **Course Objective:**

Credit Units:02

There are many dialects spoken in China, but the language which will help you through wherever you go is Mandarin, or Putonghua, as it is called in Chinese. The most widely spoken forms of Chinese are Mandarin, Cantonese, Gan, Hakka, Min, Wu and Xiang. The course aims at familiarizing the student with the basic aspects of speaking ability of Mandarin, the language of Mainland China. The course aims at training students in practical skills and nurturing them to interact with a Chinese person.

Course Contents:

Module I

Show pictures, dialogue and retell.
Getting to know each other.
Practicing chart with Initials and Finals. (CHART – The Chinese Phonetic Alphabet Called "Hanyu Pinyin" in Mandarin Chinese.)
Practicing of Tones as it is a tonal language.
Changes in 3rd tone and Neutral Tone.

Module II

Greetings Let me Introduce The modal particle "ne". Use of Please 'qing" – sit, have tea etc. A brief self introduction – Ni hao ma? Zaijian! Use of "bu" negative.

Module III

Attributives showing possession How is your Health? Thank you Where are you from? A few Professions like – Engineer, Businessman, Doctor, Teacher, Worker. Are you busy with your work? May I know your name?

Module IV

Use of "How many" – People in your family? Use of "zhe" and "na". Use of interrogative particle "shenme", "shui", "ma" and "nar". How to make interrogative sentences ending with "ma". Structural particle "de". Use of "Nin" when and where to use and with whom. Use of guixing. Use of verb "zuo" and how to make sentences with it.

Module V

Family structure and Relations. Use of "you" – "mei you". Measure words Days and Weekdays. Numbers. Maps, different languages and Countries. **Examination Scheme:**

Components CT1 CT2 C I V A Weightage (%) 20 20 20 20 15 5

C - Project + Presentation

I – Interaction/Conversation Practice

Text & References:

• "Elementary Chinese Reader Part I" Lesson 1-10

METABOLIC REGULATION

Course Code: BSB 201

Credit Units:03

Course Objective:

The course aims on understanding of the relationships between structure and function in the major classes of biopolymers. It augurs understanding on central metabolic process and the role of enzymes in modulating pathways. The theoretical background of biochemical systems helps to interpret the results of laboratory experiments.

Module I

Carbohydrate metabolism- Glycolysis pathway, Fates of pyruvate, Metabolic sources of Acetyl Co-A, Citric acid cycle, Amphibolic nature of the Citric acid cycle, Electron transport chain and oxidative phosphorylation, Glycogen breakdown and synthesis, Glycogen storage and its diseases, Gluconeogenesis, Glyoxylate pathway, Pentose phosphate pathway

Module II

Lipid metabolism - Beta oxidation of Fatty acids, Ketone bodies, Fatty acid biosynthesis, Regulation of fatty acid metabolism.

Module III

Amino acid metabolism - Amino acid deamination, Urea cycle, Amino acids as biosynthetic precursors, Biosynthesis of non essential amino acids, Nitrogen fixation.

Module IV

Nucleotide Metabolism –Biosynthesis and catabolic pathways of Purines and Pyrimidines, Metabolic disorders-SCID, GOUT.

Module V

Enzymes - Classification and nomenclature of enzymes, Regulation of enzyme activity, Kinetics of enzyme catalyzed reactions.

Examination Scheme:

Components	СТ	Attendance	Assignment/ Project/Seminar/Quiz	EE
Weightage (%)	15	5	10	70

Text & References:

Text:

- Granner, R. K. M. D. K., & Rodwell, P. A. M. V. W. (2006). Harper's Illustrated Biochemistry. 30th Ed. McGraw-Hill Medical.
- Berg, J. M., Tymoczko, J. L., & Stryer, L. (2002). Biochemistry. 7th Ed. WH Freeman and Co.
- U Satyanarayana, (2013) Biochemistry 4th Ed. Elsevier.

References:

 Nelson, D. L., Lehninger, A. L., & Cox, M. M. (2008). Lehninger principles of biochemistry. 7th Ed. Macmillan.

PLANT SCIENCE – II

Course Code: BSB 202 Course Objective:

The objective of this course is to acquaint the students with the details of molecular transport in plants and basics of photosynthesis.

Module I

Diffusion, osmosis, permeability, imbibition, plasmolysis, osmotic potential, water potential and matrix potential. Absorption of water: Passive and active absorption, Ascent of sap, Transpiration, guttation and significance of transpiration, factors affecting transpiration and Modern mechanism of stomatal closing and opening mechanism

Module II

Minerals and their role in plant physiology, mechanism of absorption of mineral salts (Donnan's equilibrium, Ion exchange, diffusion, facilitated diffusion, active transport, symport, antiport) and hydroponics.

Module III

Importance of photosynthesis, role of pigments, Light reaction, Dark reaction-C3 cycle Photo respiration, C4 Cycle, CAM cycle and factors affecting photosynthesis, Glycolysis Kreb cycle, Factors affecting respiration and RQ.

Module IV

Plant tissue and its classification, Structure of Xylem and Phloem, Leaf anatomy, Structure and function of cambium (normal), Anomalous behavior of cambium in *Achyranthes, Boerhaavia, Bignonia* and *Dracaena*, Root-stem transition

Module V

Structure of anther and microsporogenesis, development of the male gametophyte and pollen dispersal, Structure of ovule, megasporogenesis and development of the female gametophyte with particular reference to *Polygonum* type, Endosperm and types, Fertilisation and development of embryo onagrad type.

Examination Scheme:

Components	СТ	Attendance	Assignment/ Project/Seminar/Quiz	EE
Weightage (%)	15	5	10	70

Text & References:

Text:

• Taiz, L., & Zeiger, E. (2006). Stress physiology. 5th Ed. Plant physiology.

• Singh, V., Pande, P.C. & Jain, D.K., (2013). A text book of botany (angiosperms-taxonomy, economic botany, anatomy, embryology and morphogenesis) 4th Ed. Rastogi Publications.

Reference:

- Bhojwani, S.S & Bhatnagar S.P., (2014). The Embryology of Angiosperms by S.S. Bhojwani, S.P. Bhatnagar, 6th Ed. Vikas Publishing House Pvt. Ltd.
- Esau, K, (2011). Anatomy of Seed Plants 2nd Ed. Wiley Publications.

Credit Units: 02

MICROBIOLOGY

Course Code: BSB 203

Credit Units: 03

Course Objective:

The basic knowledge of Microbiology gained in this semester would the applied in the various disciplines like evolution, Immunology & Industrial fermentation.

Course Contents:

Module I: History of Microbiology and Ultra Structure of Prokaryotic cell

Introduction, contribution of Scientists (Leeuwenhoek, Pasteur, Koch etc.), role of microorganisms in transformation of organic matter and in the causation of diseases. Pasteur's experiments, microscopy (optical, TEM and SEM), concept of microbial species and strains; general outline of various forms of micro-organisms. Nature of the microbial cell surface, Prokaryotic structure and function - cell envelope, cell wall, cytoplasmic membrane, capsule, surface appendages, cytoplasm and cytoplasmic inclusions, gram positive and gram negative bacteria and endospores

Module II Microbial nutrition and growth

The definition of growth, mathematical expression of growth, growth curve, measurement of growth and growth yields, synchronous growth, continuous culture, Diauxic growth, culture collection and maintenance of cultures.

Module III Microbial Taxonomy

Microbial evolution, systematics and taxonomy - new approaches to bacterial taxonomy, classification including ribotyping, ribosomal RNA sequencing, and characteristics of primary domains, taxonomy, nomenclature and Bergey's manual, Archaebacteria

Module IV: Control of microorganisms and Host-parasite relationship

Methods of sterilization & disinfection (Physical agents &chemical agents)Antibiotics with special reference to antibacterial & antifungal antibiotics, mode of actions,drug resistance .Host-parasite relationship (Normal micro flora of skin, oral cavity, gastrointestinal tract), types of toxins (Exo, endo, entero) and their structure and mode of actions,

Module V Industrial Microbiology

Introduction to industrially important microbes and microbial fermentative products (Production of antibiotics with special reference to penciliin & streptomycin, enzymes), food products from microbes (Dairy &SCP etc)

Examination Scheme:

Components	СТ	Attendance	Assignment/ Project/Seminar/Quiz	EE
Weightage (%)	15	5	10	70

Text & References:

Text Books:

- 1. Prescott, Herley, Klein (2002). Microbiology, 5th edn. C.B.S. Publishers.
- 2. Pelczar M.J., Chan E.C.S. and Kreig, N.R. Microbiology VI Edition, Tata McGraw Hill.
- 3. Jayaram Paniker C.K. (2009) Ananthnarayan and Paniker's Textbook of Microbiology, 8th edn. Orient BlackSwan.

Reference:

- 1. Stanier, R. (2009). General Microbiology, 5th Edn, Macmillian.
- 2. Salisbury, Whitaker and Hall, Principles of Fermentation Technology, Aditya Books Pvt. Ltd.

CHEMISTRY – II

Course Code: BSB 204 Course Objective:

Credit Units: 02

The students will acquire knowledge about the compounds of carbon mainly hydrocarbon. They will be acquainted with the methods of qualitative and quantitative analysis of elements of hydrocarbons and methods of preparation of these compounds. They will get knowledge about the behavior of chemical and physical reactions along with electrolysis process.

Course Contents:

Module I

Organic chemistry as chemistry of carbon compounds, Methods of purification, tests of purity: qualitative and quantitative elemental analysis, determination of molecular masses: calculation of Empirical and Molecular formula, Structural formula. Tetrahedral concept of carbon compounds; nomenclature of organic compounds; Isomerism; stereo-isomerism, geometrical and optical isomerism.

Module II

Petroleum: Fractionation, cracking and synthetic petrol. General methods of preparation and properties of alkanes, alkenes, alkynes, Halogen substituted alkanes (CH₂CI₂, CHCI₃, CCI₄, CHI₃), Electrophilic substitutions. General study of Cycloalkanes

Module III

Grignard reagent; preparation and uses, Alcohol; ethanol, propanol, glycerol; Monocarboxylic acids and their simple derivatives, descriptive studies of dicarboxylic acids, viz. malic, oxalic, tartaric, maleic, General methods of preparation of aliphatic aldehydes and ketones, Keto-enol tautomerism; aceto-acetic ester and malonic ester.

Module IV

Chemical equilibrium: Reversible reactions, equilibrium law, equilibrium constant, factors influencing equilibrium states.

Module V

Eletrochemistry: Electrolysis, laws of electrolysis, ionisation constant, specific, equivalent and molecular conductance, common ion effect; Hydrogen ion concentration, pH value, Theory of acid base indicators, buffer solutions, hydrolysis of salts and solubility product simple calculations based on these concepts.

Examination Scheme:

Components	СТ	Attendance	Assignment/ Project/Seminar/Quiz	EE
Weightage (%)	15	5	10	70

Text & References:

Text:

- Bahl, B. S. (2006). Text Book of Organic Chemistry 18th Ed. S. Chand & Co. Ltd.
- Puri, B. R., Sharma, L. R., & Madan, S. P. (2013). Principles of Physical Chemistry. 46th Ed. Vishal Publishing Co.

References:

- Bahl, A. (2010). Advanced organic chemistry. 3rd Ed. S Chand & Company Limited.
- I.L. Finar & S, Pearsons (1973). Organic Chemistry Vol.I & II 6th Ed. Pearson India.
- N, Haider. (2011), Fundamentals of Organic Chemistry 5th Ed. S. Chand & Co. Ltd.

GENETICS

Course Code: BSB 205

Credit Units: 02

Course Objective:

The objective of the course is to focus on the basic principles of genetics incorporating the concepts of classical, molecular genetics. Compilation is required for recent advances in genetic principles for strong foundation in Biotechnology. The objective of the course is to focus on basic principles of inheritance

Course Contents:

Module I

Brief history, scope and significance of Genetics. Mendelian law of inheritance. Lethality and interaction of gene. Multiple allele and isoallele. Penetrance and Expressivity .Linkage and crossing over. Mapping of genes .interference and coincidence.

Basic microbial genetics, Conjugation, transformation, transduction and their use in genetic mapping.

Module II

Classical and modern concept of gene, pseudoallelism, position effect, intragenic crossing over and complementation test, Benzers work on rII locus in T4 Bacteriophage.

Mutation; spontaneous and induced, Mutagen; chemical and physical. Chromosomal aberrations; structural and numerical. Economic importance of mutation. Genetic disorders in human; Kleinefelter, Turner, Cri-du-Chat and Down syndrome.

Module III

Sex determination in plant and animal. Non disjunction as a proof of chromosomal theory of inheritance. Sex linked, sex influenced and sex limited inheritance.

Extra chromosomal inheritance; cytoplasmic inheritance, Mitochondrial and Chloroplast genetic system.

Examination Scheme:

Components	СТ	Attendance	Assignment/ Project/Seminar/Quiz	EE
Weightage (%)	15	5	10	70

Text & References:

Text:

- Principles of Genetics, E. J. Gardner, John Wiley & Sons Inc.
- Genetics, P.K. Gupta, Rastogi Publication.

References:

- Concepts of Genetics (Sixth Edition), William S. Klug and Michael R, Cummings, Pearson Education.
- Genetics, M.W. Strickberger, Prentice Hall College Division.
- Genetics, P.J. Russell, Benjamin/Cummings.
- Genetics, R. Goodenough, International Thomson Publishing.
- Introduction to Genetic Analysis, A.J. F. Griffiths, W.H. Freeman and Company.
- Principles of Genetics, D.P. Snustad & M.J. Simmons, John Wiley and Sons Inc.
- Molecular Biology of the Gene (Fifth Edition), J.D. Watson, A.M. Weiner and N.H. Hopkins, Addison Wiesley Publishing.

PLANT SCIENCE LAB - II

Course Code: BSB 222

Credit Units: 01

Plant physiology

Module I

Demonstration of osmosis.

Effect of wind on rate of transpiration (Ganon's potometer)

Comparison of stomatal frequency using CoCl_{2.}

Demonstration of hydroponic system.

Effect of light quality on photosynthesis and plant metabolites.

Determination of RQ for various plant materials.

Module II

Plant Histology

Leaf anatomy (monocot and dicot)

Primary and secondary structure of stem and root (monocot and dicot)

Anomalous behavior of cambium in Achyranthes, Boerhaavia, Bignonia and Dracaena

Module III

Embryology of angiosperms

Study of permanent slides of the: L.S. ovule types and L.S. caryopsis

Preparing glycerin mounted slides of T.S. anther, pollen, germinating pollen.

Separation of endosperm, ruminate endosperm

Isolation of embryo from seed.

IA			EE			
Class Test (Practical Based)	Mid Term Viva	Attendance	Major Experiment	Minor Experiment/Spotting	Practical Record	Viva
15	10	05	35	15	10	10

MICROBIOLOGY-Lab

Course Code: BSB 223

Credit Units: 01

Module I

Aseptic techniques:

Cleaning of glassware Preparation of media, cotton plugging and sterilization. **Module II**

Isolation of microorganisms from air, water and soil samples: dilution, pour plating and colony purification.

Enumeration of microorganisms: total vs. viable counts.

Module III

Microscopic examination of bacteria by gram staining. Endospore staining. Capsule staining. Negative staining Observe the microbes in living condition by hanging drop method. Fungal slide preparation and study of characteristics of fungi. Antibiotic sensitivity test.

IA			EE			
Class Test (Practical Based)	Mid Term Viva	Attendance	Major Experiment	Minor Experiment/Spotting	Practical Record	Viva
15	10	05	35	15	10	10

CHEMISTRY LAB – II

Course Code: BSB 224

Credit Units: 01

INORGANIC CHEMISTRY

Module I

Qualitative analysis of inorganic mixtures, containing not more than four ionic species (excluding insoluble substances) out of the following:

 $\begin{array}{l} Pb^{2+}, Hg^{2+}, Hg_2^{2+}, Ag^{1+}, Bi^{3+}, Cu^{2+}, Cd^{2+}, As^{3+}, Sn^{2+}, Sn^{4+}, Fe^{2+}, Fe^{3+}, Al^{3+}, Co^{2+}, Ni^{2+}, \\ Mn^{2+}, Zn^{2+}, Ba^{2+}, Sr^{2+}, Ca^{2+}, Mg^{2+}, NH_4^{1+}, K^{1+}, CO_3^{2-}, S^{2-}, SO_3^{2-}, NO_2^{1-}, CH_3COO^{1-}, F^{1-}, \\ Cl^{1-}, Br^{1-}, I^{1-}, NO_3^{1-}, SO_4^{2-}, C_2O_4^{2-}, PO_4^{3-}, BO_3^{3-}. \end{array}$

Module II

Purification of Organic compounds by crystallization (from water or alcohol) and distillation.

ΙΑ			EE			
Class Test (Practical Based)	Mid Term Viva	Attendance	Major Experiment	Minor Experiment/Spotting	Practical Record	Viva
15	10	05	35	15	10	10

GENETICS-Lab

Course Code: BSB 225

Credit Units: 01

Study of gene interaction Study of chromosome structure & size Study of Genetics disorder in human Some more practical's will be designed from theory

ΙΑ			EE			
Class Test (Practical Based)	Mid Term Viva	Attendance	Major Experiment	Minor Experiment/Spotting	Practical Record	Viva
15	10	05	35	15	10	10

TERM PAPER

Course Code: BSB 230

Credit Units: 03

A term (or research) paper is primarily a record of intelligent reading in several sources on a particular subject. The students will choose the topic at the beginning of the session in consultation with the faculty assigned. The progress of the paper will be monitored regularly by the faculty. At the end of the semester the detailed paper on the topic will be submitted to the faculty assigned. The evaluation will be done by Board of examiners comprising of the faculties.

GUIDELINES FOR TERM PAPER

The procedure for writing a term paper may consists of the following steps:

- 7. Choosing a subject
- 8. Finding sources of materials
- 9. Collecting the notes
- 10. Outlining the paper
- 11. Writing the first draft
- 12. Editing & preparing the final paper

1. Choosing a Subject

The subject chosen should not be too general.

2. Finding Sources of materials

- d) The material sources should be not more than 10 years old unless the nature of the paper is such that it involves examining older writings from a historical point of view.
- e) Begin by making a list of subject-headings under which you might expect the subject to be listed.
- f) The sources could be books and magazines articles, news stories, periodicals, scientific journals etc.

3. Collecting the notes

Skim through sources, locating the useful material, then make good notes of it, including quotes and information for footnotes.

- d) Get facts, not just opinions. Compare the facts with author's conclusion.
- e) In research studies, notice the methods and procedures, results & conclusions.
- f) Check cross references.

4. Outlining the paper

- c) Review notes to find main sub-divisions of the subject.
- d) Sort the collected material again under each main division to find sub-sections for outline so that it begins to look more coherent and takes on a definite structure. If it does not, try going back and sorting again for main divisions, to see if another general pattern is possible.

5. Writing the first draft

Write the paper around the outline, being sure that you indicate in the first part of the paper what its purpose is. You may follow the following:

- a) statement of purpose
- b) main body of the paper
- c) statement of summary and conclusion

Avoid short, bumpy sentences and long straggling sentences with more than one main ideas.

6. Editing & Preparing the final Paper

- j) Before writing a term paper, you should ensure you have a question which you attempt to answer in your paper. This question should be kept in mind throughout the paper. Include only information/ details/ analyses of relevance to the question at hand. Sometimes, the relevance of a particular section may be clear to you but not to your readers. To avoid this, ensure you briefly explain the relevance of every section.
- k) Read the paper to ensure that the language is not awkward, and that it "flows" properly.
- 1) Check for proper spelling, phrasing and sentence construction.

- m) Check for proper form on footnotes, quotes, and punctuation.
- n) Check to see that quotations serve one of the following purposes:
- o) Show evidence of what an author has said.
- p) Avoid misrepresentation through restatement.
- q) Save unnecessary writing when ideas have been well expressed by the original author.
- r) Check for proper form on tables and graphs. Be certain that any table or graph is self-explanatory.

Term papers should be composed of the following sections:

- 8) Title page
- 9) Table of contents
- 10) Introduction
- 11) Review
- 12) Discussion & Conclusion
- 13) References
- 14) Appendix

Generally, the introduction, discussion, conclusion and bibliography part should account for a third of the paper and the review part should be two thirds of the paper.

Discussion

The discussion section either follows the results or may alternatively be integrated in the results section. The section should consist of a discussion of the results of the study focusing on the question posed in the research paper.

Conclusion

The conclusion is often thought of as the easiest part of the paper but should by no means be disregarded. There are a number of key components which should not be omitted. These include:

- e) summary of question posed
- f) summary of findings
- g) summary of main limitations of the study at hand
- h) details of possibilities for related future research

References

From the very beginning of a research project, you should be careful to note all details of articles gathered. The bibliography should contain ALL references included in the paper. References not included in the text in any form should NOT be included in the bibliography.

The key to a good bibliography is consistency. Choose a particular convention and stick to this.

Conventions

Monographs

Crystal, D. (2001), Language and the internet. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press.

Edited volumes

Gass, S./Neu, J. (eds.) (1996), Speech acts across cultures. Challenges to communication in a second language. Berlin/ NY: Mouton de Gruyter.

[(eds.) is used when there is more than one editor; and (ed.) where there is only one editor. In German the abbreviation used is (Hrsg.) for Herausgeber].

Edited articles

Schmidt, R./Shimura, A./Wang, Z./Jeong, H. (1996), Suggestions to buy: Television commercials from the U.S., Japan, China, and Korea. In: Gass, S./Neu, J. (eds.) (1996), Speech acts across cultures. Challenges to communication in a second language. Berlin/ NY: Mouton de Gruyter: 285-316.

Journal articles

McQuarrie, E.F./Mick, D.G. (1992), On resonance: A critical pluralistic inquiry into advertising rhetoric. Journal of consumer research 19, 180-197.

Electronic book

Chandler, D. (1994), Semiotics for beginners [HTML document]. Retrieved [5.10.'01] from the World Wide Web, http://www.aber.ac.uk/media/Documents/S4B/.

Electronic journal articles

Watts, S. (2000) Teaching talk: Should students learn 'real German'? [HTML document]. German as a Foreign Language Journal [online] 1. Retrieved [12.09.'00] from the World Wide Web, http://www.gfl-journal.com/.

Other websites

Verterhus, S.A. (n.y.), Anglicisms in German car advertising. The problem of gender assignment [HTML document]. Retrieved [13.10.'01] from the World Wide Web, http://olaf.hiof.no/~sverrev/eng.html.

Unpublished papers

Takahashi, S./DuFon, M.A. (1989), Cross-linguistic influence in indirectness: The case of English directives performed by native Japanese speakers. Unpublished paper, Department of English as a Second Language, University of Hawai'i at Manoa, Honolulu.

Unpublished theses/ dissertations

Möhl, S. (1996), Alltagssituationen im interkulturellen Vergleich: Realisierung von Kritik und Ablehnung im Deutschen und Englischen. Unpublished MA thesis, University of Hamburg. Walsh, R. (1995), Language development and the year abroad: A study of oral grammatical accuracy amongst adult learners of German as a foreign language. Unpublished PhD dissertation, University College Dublin.

Appendix

The appendix should be used for data collected (e.g. questionnaires, transcripts, ...) and for tables and graphs not included in the main text due to their subsidiary nature or to space constraints in the main text.

Assessment Scheme:

Continuous Evaluation: (Based on abstract writing, interim draft, general approach, research orientation, readings undertaken etc.)	40%
Final Evaluation:	60%

(Based on the organization of the paper, objectives/ problem profile/ issue outlining, comprehensiveness of the research, flow of the idea/ ideas, relevance of material used/ presented, outcomes vs. objectives, presentation/ viva etc.)

BIOINFORMATICS

Course Code: BSB 231

Credit Units: 03

Course Objective:

The objective is to describe data models and database management systems with an emphasis on biologically important techniques to store various data on DNA sequencing structures, genetic mapping, phylogenetic analysis. Multiple sequence alignment, protein structure prediction, and comparative genome analysis.

Course contents:

Module I: Computers

General introduction (characteristics, capabilities, generations), software, hardware : organization of hardware (input devices, memory, control unit arithmetic logic unit, output devices); software : (System software; application software, languages -low level, high level), interpreter, compiler, data processing; batch, on-line, real-time (examples from bioindustries; e.g. application of computers in co-ordination of solute concentration, ph, temperature, etc., of a fermenter in operation); internet application.

Module II: Basic Bioinformatics

Introduction to Internet, Search Engines (Google, Yahoo, Entrez etc)

Module III: Biological Databases

Sequence databases (EMBL, GenBank, DDBJ, -UNIPROT, PIR, TrEMBL), Protein family/domain databases (PROSITE, PRINTS, Pfam, BLOCK, etc), Cluster databases-An Introduction, Specialised databases (KEGG, etc), Database technologies (Flat-file), Structural databases (PDB)

Module IV: Phylogenetic Analysis

Trees-splits and metrices on trees, tree interpretation, Distance – additive, ultrameric and nonadditive distances,

tree building methods, phylogenetic analysis, parsimony, tree evaluation, maximum likelihood trees – continuous time markov chains, estimating the rate of change, likelihood and trees; analysis software.

Annotation, comparison of different methods; ESTs – databases, clustering, gene discovery and identification, and functional classification.

Module V: Genome analysis

Annotation, comparison of different methods; ESTs – databases, clustering, gene discovery and identification, and functional classification. Reconstruction of metabolic pathways; Genome analysis, genome anatomy, genome rearrangements with inversions, signed inversions, gene identification, gene expression, expression analysis, gene identification and functional classification.

Examination Scheme:

Components	СТ	Attendance	Assignment/ Project/Seminar/Quiz	EE
Weightage (%)	15	5	10	70

Text & References:

Text:

- J.G. Brookshear (2014). Computer Science, 12th Ed. Pearson Education(singapore) Pte. Ltd.
- Attwood, T. K., & Parry-Smith, D. J. (2009). Introduction to Bioinformatics. 1st Ed. Benjamin Cummings press.

References:

- Lacroix, Z. (2003). Bioinformatics: managing scientific data (Vol. 6, No. 2). 1st Ed. Academic Press.
- Higgins, D., & Taylor, W. (2000). Bioinformatics Sequence. Structure and Databanks. Oxford University Press. 2nd Ed. OUP Oxford press.

ENZYME TECHNOLOGY

Course Code: BSB 232

Credit Units: 03

Course Objective:

The course aims to provide an understanding of the principles and application of proteins, secondary metabolites and enzyme biochemistry in therapeutic applications and clinical diagnosis. The theoretical understanding of biochemical systems would certainly help to interpret the results of laboratory experiments.

Course Contents:

Module I: Enzymes

Introduction and scope, Nomenclature, Mechanism of Catalysis.

Module II: Enzyme Kinetics

Single substrate steady state kinetics; Michaelis Menten equation, Linear plots, King-Altman's method; Inhibitors and activators; Multisubstrate systems; ping-pong mechanism, Alberty equation, Sigmoidal kinetics and Allosteric enzymes

Module III

Immobilization of Enzymes; Advantages, Carriers, adsorption, covalent coupling, cross-linking and entrapment methods, Micro-environmental effects.

Module IV: Enzyme reactors

Reactors for batch/continuous enzymatic processing, choice of reactor type; idealized enzyme reactor systems, Mass transfer in enzyme reactors: Steady state analysis of mass transfer and biochemical reaction in enzyme reaction.

Module V: Bioprocess Design

Physical parameters, reactor operational stability, Immobilized cells.

Examination Scheme:

Components	СТ	Attendance	Assignment/ Project/Seminar/Quiz	EE
Weightage (%)	15	5	10	70

Text & References:

Text:

- R.C.B. Currell &V.D. Mieras (2012). Biotechnological Innovations in Chemical Synthesis 4th Ed. Biotol Partners Staff.
- Chaplin, M. F., & Bucke, C. (1990). Enzyme technology 1st Ed. Cambridge University Press.

References:

- T, Palner (2001). Enzymes Biochemistry, Biotechnology, Clinical Chemistry 5th Ed. Horwood Publishing Ltd.
- Segal, I. H. (1993). Enzyme kinetics behaviour and analysis of rapid equilibrium and steady state enzyme systems 1st Ed. A Wiley-Interscience Publication.

ENGLISH

Course Code: BCS 201

Credit Units:01

Course Objective:

The course is intended to give a foundation of English Language. The literary texts are indented to help students to inculcate creative & aesthetic sensitivity and critical faculty through comprehension, appreciation and analysis of the prescribed literary texts. It will also help them to respond form different perspectives.

Course Contents:

Module I: Vocabulary

Use of Dictionary Use of Words: Diminutives, Homonyms & Homophones

Module II: Essentials of Grammar - I

Articles Parts of Speech Tenses

Module III: Essentials of Grammar - II Sentence Structure Subject -Verb agreement Punctuation

Module IV: Communication

The process and importance Principles & benefits of Effective Communication

Module V: Spoken English Communication

Speech Drills Pronunciation and accent Stress and Intonation

Module VI: Communication Skills-I

Developing listening skills Developing speaking skills

Module VII: Communication Skills-II

Developing Reading Skills Developing writing Skills

Module VIII: Written English communication

Progression of Thought/ideas Structure of Paragraph Structure of Essays

Module IX: Short Stories

Of Studies, by Francis Bacon Dream Children, by Charles Lamb The Necklace, by Guy de Maupassant A Shadow, by R.K.Narayan Glory at Twilight, Bhabani Bhattacharya

Module X: Poems

All the Worlds a Stage	Shakespeare
To Autumn	Keats
O! Captain, My Captain.	Walt Whitman
Where the Mind is Without Fear	Rabindranath Tagore
Psalm of Life	H.W. Longfellow

Examination Scheme:

Components	Α	СТ	HA	EE
Weightage (%)	05	15	10	70

Text & References:

- Madhulika Jha, Echoes, Orient Long Man
- Ramon & Prakash, Business Communication, Oxford.
- Sydney Greenbaum Oxford English Grammar, Oxford.
- Successful Communications, Malra Treece (Allyn and Bacon)
- Effective Technical Communication, M. Ashraf Rizvi.

UNDERSTANDING SELF FOR EFFECTIVENESS - II (PROBLEM SOLVING AND CREATIVE THINKING)

Course Code: BSS 203

Credit Units:01

Course Objective:

To enable the students: Understand the process of problem solving and creative thinking. Facilitation and enhancement of skills required for decision-making.

Course Contents:

Module I: Thinking as a tool for Problem Solving

What is thinking: The Mind/Brain/Behaviour Critical Thinking and Learning: Making Predictions and Reasoning Memory and Critical Thinking Emotions and Critical Thinking Thinking skills

Module II: Hindrances to Problem Solving Process

Perception Expression Emotion Intellect Work environment

Module III: Problem Solving

Recognizing and Defining a problem Analyzing the problem (potential causes) Developing possible alternatives Evaluating Solutions Resolution of problem Implementation Barriers to problem solving:

- Perception
- Expression
- Emotion
- Intellect
- Work environment

Module IV: Plan of Action

Construction of POA Monitoring Reviewing and analyzing the outcome

Module V: Creative Thinking

Definition and meaning of creativity The nature of creative thinking

- Convergent and Divergent thinking
- Idea generation and evaluation (Brain Storming)
- Image generation and evaluation
- Debating

The six-phase model of Creative Thinking: ICEDIP model

Module VI: End-of-Semester Appraisal

Viva based on personal journal

Assessment of Behavioural change as a result of training Exit Level Rating by Self and Observer

Examination Scheme:

Components	SAP	Α	Mid Term Test (CT)	VIVA	Journal for Success (JOS)
Weightage (%)	20	05	20	30	25

Text & References:

- Michael S. (1999). How to be a Better Problem Solver, Kogan Page, New Delhi.
- Geoff P. (1999). How to be a Better at creativity; by: Kogan Page, New Delhi, (1999)
- Richard Y. C., & Keith P., (1998). Wheeler Publishing, New Delhi.
- Phil Lowe Koge (1996). Page: Creativity and Problem Solving, New Delhi,
- Pfeiffer, J. W., (1996). Theories and Models in Applied Understanding Self for Effectiveness, Management Pfeiffer & Company.
- Bensley, A. D. (1998). Critical Thinking in Psychology A Unified Skills Approach, Brooks/Cole Publishing Company.

FRENCH - II

Course Code: FLT 201

Credit Units:02

Course Objective:

To enable the students to overcome the fear of speaking a foreign language and take position as a foreigner speaking French.

To make them learn the basic rules of French Grammar.

Course Contents:

Module A: pp.38 – 47: Unité 3: Objectif 3, 4, 5. 6

Module B: pp. 47 to 75 Unité 4, 5

Contenu lexical:	Unité 3: Org	ganiser son temps
	1.	donner/demander des informations sur un emploi du temps, un horaire SNCF -
		Imaginer un dialogue
	2.	rédiger un message/ une lettre pour
		i) prendre un rendez-vous/ accepter et confirmer/ annuler
		ii) inviter/accepter/refuser
	3.	Faire un programme d'activités
		imaginer une conversation téléphonique/un dialogue
		Propositions- interroger, répondre
		ouvrir son environnement
		situer un lieu
		s'orienter, s'informer sur un itinéraire.
	3.	Chercher, décrire un logement
	4.	
	Unité 5 :	s'informer
	1.	
	2.	donner une explication, exprimer le doute ou la certitude.
		découvrir les relations entre les mots
	4.	savoir s'informer
Contenu grammatical	l: 1.	Adjectifs démonstratifs
	2.	Adjectifs possessifs/exprimer la possession à l'aide de :
		i. « de » ii. A+nom/pronom disjoint
	3.	Conjugaison pronominale – négative, interrogative -
		construction à l'infinitif
	4.	Impératif/exprimer l'obligation/l'interdiction à l'aide de « il
		faut »/ «il ne faut pas »
	5.	passé composé
	6.	Questions directes/indirectes

Examination Scheme:

Components	CT1	CT2	С	Ι	V	Α
Weightage (%)	20	20	20	20	15	5

C-Project+Presentation

I – Interaction/Conversation Practice

Text & References:

• le livre à suivre : Campus: Tome 1

GERMAN – II

Course Code: FLG 201

Credit Units:02

Course Objective:

To enable the students to converse, read and write in the language with the help of the basic rules of grammar, which will later help them to strengthen their language.

To give the students an insight into the culture, geography, political situation and economic opportunities available in Germany

Introduction to Grammar to consolidate the language base learnt in Semester I

Course Contents:

Module I: Everything about Time and Time periods

Time and times of the day. Weekdays, months, seasons. Adverbs of time and time related prepositions

Module II: Irregular verbs

Introduction to irregular verbs like to be, and others, to learn the conjugations of the same, (fahren, essen, lessen, schlafen, sprechen und ähnliche).

Module III: Separable verbs

To comprehend the change in meaning that the verbs undergo when used as such Treatment of such verbs with separable prefixes

Module IV: Reading and comprehension

Reading and deciphering railway schedules/school time table Usage of separable verbs in the above context

Module V: Accusative case

Accusative case with the relevant articles Introduction to 2 different kinds of sentences – Nominative and Accusative

Module VI: Accusative personal pronouns

Nominative and accusative in comparison Emphasizing on the universal applicability of the pronouns to both persons and objects

Module VII: Accusative prepositions

Accusative propositions with their use Both theoretical and figurative use

Module VIII: Dialogues

Dialogue reading: 'In the market place' 'At the Hotel'

Examination Scheme:

Components	CT1	CT2	С	Ι	V	Α
Weightage (%)	20	20	20	20	15	5

C – Project + Presentation

I -- Interaction/Conversation Practice

Text & References:

- Wolfgang Hieber, Lernziel Deutsch
- Hans-Heinrich Wangler, Sprachkurs Deutsch
- Schulz Griesbach, Deutsche Sprachlehre für Ausländer
- P.L Aneja, Deutsch Interessant- 1, 2 & 3
- Rosa-Maria Dallapiazza et al, Tangram Aktuell A1/1,2
- Braun, Nieder, Schmöe, Deutsch als Fremdsprache 1A, Grundkurs

SPANISH – II

Course Code: FLS 201

Credit Units:02

Course Objective:

To enable students acquire more vocabulary, grammar, Verbal Phrases to understand simple texts and start describing any person or object in Simple Present Tense.

Course Contents:

Module I

Revision of earlier modules.

Module II

Some more AR/ER/IR verbs. Introduction to root changing and irregular AR/ER/IR ending verbs

Module III

More verbal phrases (eg, Dios Mio, Que lastima etc), adverbs (*bueno/malo, muy, mucho, bastante, poco*). Simple texts based on grammar and vocabulary done in earlier modules.

Module IV

Posessive pronouns

Module V

Writing/speaking essays like my friend, my house, my school/institution, myself....descriptions of people, objects etc, computer/internet related vocabulary

Examination Scheme:

Components	CT1	CT2	С	Ι	V	Α
Weightage (%)	20	20	20	20	15	5

C – Project + Presentation

I – Interaction/Conversation Practice

Text & References:

- Español, En Directo I A
- Español Sin Fronteras

CHINESE – II

Course Code: FLC 201

Credit Units:02

Course Objective:

Chinese is a tonal language where each syllable in isolation has its definite tone (flat, falling, rising and rising/falling), and same syllables with different tones mean different things. When you say, "ma" with a third tone, it mean horse and "ma" with the first tone is Mother. The course aims at familiarizing the student with the basic aspects of speaking ability of Mandarin, the language of Mainland China. The course aims at training students in practical skills and nurturing them to interact with a Chinese person.

Course Contents:

Module I

Drills Practice reading aloud Observe Picture and answer the question. Tone practice. Practice using the language both by speaking and by taking notes. Introduction of basic sentence patterns. Measure words. Glad to meet you.

Module II

Where do you live?
Learning different colors.
Tones of "bu"
Buying things and how muchit costs?
Dialogue on change of Money.
More sentence patterns on Days and Weekdays.
How to tell time. Saying the units of time in Chinese. Learning to say useful phrases like – 8:00, 11:25, 10:30 P.M.
everyday, afternoon, evening, night, morning 3:58, one hour, to begin, to end etc.
Morning, Afternoon, Evening, Night.

Module III

Use of words of location like-li, wais hang, xia Furniture – table, chair, bed, bookshelf,.. etc. Description of room, house or hostel room.. eg what is placed where and how many things are there in it? Review Lessons – Preview Lessons. Expression 'yao", "xiang" and "yaoshi" (if). Days of week, months in a year etc. I am learning Chinese. Is Chinese difficult?

Module IV

Counting from 1-1000 Use of "chang-chang". Making an Inquiry – What time is it now? Where is the Post Office? Days of the week. Months in a year. Use of Preposition – "zai", "gen". Use of interrogative pronoun – "duoshao" and "ji". "Whose"??? Sweater etc is it? Different Games and going out for exercise in the morning.

Module V

The verb "qu"

- Going to the library issuing a book from the library
- Going to the cinema hall, buying tickets
- Going to the post office, buying stamps
- Going to the market to buy things.. etc
- Going to the buy clothes Etc.

Hobby. I also like swimming. Comprehension and answer questions based on it.

Examination Scheme:

Components	CT1	CT2	С	Ι	V	Α
Weightage (%)	20	20	20	20	15	5

C – Project + Presentation I – Interaction/Conversation Practice

Text & References:

"Elementary Chinese Reader Part I" Lesson 11-20 ٠

MOLECULAR BIOLOGY

Course Code: BSB 301

Credit Units:02

Course objective: Molecular biology is one of the most important subjects of the recent times. This course basically gives the cognizance to students about the various biological processes such as DNA replication, transcription and translation in both prokaryotes and eukaryotes. Further, it provides insight on the historical development of the field with major scientific breakthroughs.

Course contents

Module I

Introduction to molecular biology: Historical viewpoint of development of molecular biology, DNA: the chemical nature of gene, Watson and Crick's discovery, RNA, central dogma.

Module II

DNA replication: Semiconservative manner of DNA replication, modes of replication, requirements of replication, bacterial DNA replication, eukaryotic DNA replication.

Module III

Prokaryotic and eukaryotic transcription: Structure and function of RNA polymerase, transcription initiation, elongation and termination (rho dependent and rho independent) processes in prokaryotes, transcription initiation, elongation and termination in eukaryotes, differences in prokaryotic and eukaryotic transcription.

Module IV

Prokaryotic and eukaryotic translation: Overview of translation mechanisms in prokaryotes: translation initiation, elongation and termination in prokaryotes, Overview of translation mechanisms in eukaryotes: translation initiation, elongation and termination in eukaryotes, differences in prokaryotic and eukaryotic protein synthesis.

Examination Scheme:

Components	СТ	Attendance	Assignment/ Project/Seminar/Quiz	EE
Weightage (%)	15	5	10	70

Text Books:

- Genetics: A conceptual approach, Benjamin A. Pierce, W.H. Freeman and Company, New York, III edition, 2008.
- Gene VIII, Benjamin Lewin 2005, Oxford University Press.

Reference Books:

- Molecular Biology of the Cell, B. Alberts, D. Bray, J. Lewis, M. Raff, K. Roberts and J.D. Watson, Garland Publishing, 2007.
- Genome 3, T.A. Brown, John Willey & Sons Inc., 2003.
- Molecular Cloning: A Laboratory Manual, J. Sambrook, E.F. Fritsch and T. Maniatis, Cold spring Harbor Laboratory Press.

Animal science- I

Course Code: BSB 302

Credit Units:03

THEORY

Course Objective:

To acquaint students with the general characters and classification of Acoelomates to Pseudocoelomates and the affinities between different groups.

Course Contents:

Module I

Protista, Parazoa and Metazoa: General characteristics and classification study of Euglena, Amoeba and Paramecium. Life cycle and pathogenicity of Plasmodium vivax and Entamoeba histolytica; locomotion and reproduction in Protista; Symmetry and segmentation of Metazoa

Module II

Porifera: General characteristics and classification. Canal system and spicules in sponges. Cnidaria: General characteristics and classification; Metagenesis in Obelia; corals and coral reefs; polymorphism in Cnidaria.

Ctenophora: General characteristics and Evolutionary significance

Module III

Platyhelminthes: General characteristics and classification. Life cycle and pathogenicity of Fasciola hepatica and Taenia solium

Module IV

Nemathelminthes: General characteristics and classification; Life cycle, and pathogeniciy of Ascaris lumbricoides and Wuchereria bancrofti; Parasitic adaptations in helminthes

Examination Scheme

Components	СТ	Attendance	Assignment/ Project/Seminar/Quiz	EE
Weightage (%)	15	5	10	70

Text books:

- 1. Dhami, P.S. and Dhami, J.K. Invertebrate Zoology. 5th ed. New Delhi: R. Chand & Co.,
- 2. Hyman L.H. The Invertebrates. Vol. I, II, III, IV and V. McGraw Hill Book Company. Inc., , 1959.

Reference books:

- 1. Dodson, E.O. A Text Book of Zoology. Delhi: CBS Publishers & Distributors, 1976.
- 2. Young, J. Z. The Life of Vertebrates. III Edition. Oxford university press., 2004

Chemistry- III

Course Code: BSB 303

Credit Units:02

THEORY

Course Objective:

The students will learn about the various laws and conditions which govern the behaviour of liquid and solution and the phases in which they exist under different conditions.

Course Contents:

INORGANIC CHEMISTRY

Module I

Acid and Bases: Elementary idea of Bronsted -Lowry and Lewis concept of acids and bases (Proton-donor acceptor and electrondonor acceptor systems), Relative strengths of Lewis acids bases and the effect of subsistent and the solvent on them.

Module II

General properties of 3rd elements & Co-ordination Compounds: Molecular compounds, Werners coordination theory, IUPAC system of nomenclature of coordination compounds. Discussion of outer and inner orbit complexes.

Module III

Preparation, properties, uses and structure of the following compounds -Tin Chlorides, hydrazine, hydroxylamine and acides, Oxides, Oxyacids and halides of phosphorus, tartaremetic, hydrogen sulphide (analytical applications), Oxides and Oxyacids of sulphur, Oxyacids of chlorine.

PHYSICAL CHEMISTRY

Module IV

Liquids: Vapor pressure, variation of vapour pressure of liquids with temperature (Clausious – Claperon Equation). Surface tension, viscosity, their experimental determination and applications. Parachor, Rheochor and their applications.

Module V

Solutions: Henery's Law, Raoult's Law, critical solutions temperatures, fractional distillation and steam distillation. Osmosis and measurement of osmotic pressure. Effect of solutes on boiling points and freezing points of solutions, Calculations of molecular weights, abnormal molecular weight.

Module VI

Heterogenous equilibria: Phase rule, phase diagrams of water and sulphur system. Nernst's distribution law, solvent extraction.

Examination Scheme:

Components	СТ	Attendance	Assignment/ Project/Seminar/Quiz	EE
Weightage (%)	15	5	10	70

Text & References:

Text:

- Test book of Inorganic Chemistry, P.L. Soni, Sultan Chand & Sons
- Principles of Physical Chemistry, Puri, Sharma & Pathania, Vishal Publishing Co.

References:

- Advanced Inorganic Chemistry Vol-I & II, Satya Prakash, G.D. Tuli, S.K. Basu, R.D. Madan, S. Chand & Co. Ltd.
- Simplified Course in Inorganic Chemistry, Madan & Tuli, S. Chand & Co. Ltd.
- Concise Inorganic Chemistry, J.D. Lee, Black Well Sciences
- Essentials of Physical Chemistry, Bahl & Tuli, S. Chand & Co. Ltd.
- Simplified course in Physical Chemistry, Madan & Tuli, S. Chand & Co. Ltd.
- Atkin's Physical Chemistry, Atkin, Oxford Press.
- Physical Chemistry, Vemulapalli, Printice Hall of India

MOLECULAR BIOLOGY LAB

Course Code: BSB 321

Credit Units:01

Course Contents:

Module I

Preparation of DNA: genomic, Plasmid

Module II Isolation of RNA

Module III RFLP analysis

Module IV Preparation of Competent Cells

	IA			EE				
Class Test (Practical Based)	Mid Term Viva	Attendance	Major Experiment	Minor Experiment/Spotting	Practical Record	Viva		
15	10	05	35	15	10	10		

CHEMISTRY LAB - III

Course Code: BSB 323

Credit Units:01

Course Contents:

INORGANIC CHEMISTRY

Module I

Gravimetric estimation of barium and SO_4^{2+} as BaSo₄ ions, iron as F₂ O₃ and copper as CuCNS.

ORGANIC CHEMISTRY

Module II

Detection of functional groups in mono-functional Organic Compounds. (aldehyde, ester, phenol, amine, amides, alcohols.)

IA			EE			
Class Test (Practical Based)	Mid Term Viva	Attendance	Major Experiment	Minor Experiment/Spotting	Practical Record	Viva
15	10	05	35	15	10	10

TERM PAPER

Course Code: BSB 330

Credit Units: 03

A term (or research) paper is primarily a record of intelligent reading in several sources on a particular subject. The students will choose the topic at the beginning of the session in consultation with the faculty assigned. The progress of the paper will be monitored regularly by the faculty. At the end of the semester the detailed paper on the topic will be submitted to the faculty assigned. The evaluation will be done by Board of examiners comprising of the faculties.

GUIDELINES FOR TERM PAPER

The procedure for writing a term paper may consists of the following steps:

- 13. Choosing a subject
- 14. Finding sources of materials
- 15. Collecting the notes
- 16. Outlining the paper
- 17. Writing the first draft
- 18. Editing & preparing the final paper

1. Choosing a Subject

The subject chosen should not be too general.

2. Finding Sources of materials

- g) The material sources should be not more than 10 years old unless the nature of the paper is such that it involves examining older writings from a historical point of view.
- h) Begin by making a list of subject-headings under which you might expect the subject to be listed.
- i) The sources could be books and magazines articles, news stories, periodicals, scientific journals etc.

3. Collecting the notes

Skim through sources, locating the useful material, then make good notes of it, including quotes and information for footnotes.

- g) Get facts, not just opinions. Compare the facts with author's conclusion.
- h) In research studies, notice the methods and procedures, results & conclusions.
- i) Check cross references.

4. Outlining the paper

- e) Review notes to find main sub-divisions of the subject.
- f) Sort the collected material again under each main division to find sub-sections for outline so that it begins to look more coherent and takes on a definite structure. If it does not, try going back and sorting again for main divisions, to see if another general pattern is possible.

5. Writing the first draft

Write the paper around the outline, being sure that you indicate in the first part of the paper what its purpose is. You may follow the following:

- a) statement of purpose
- b) main body of the paper
- c) statement of summary and conclusion

Avoid short, bumpy sentences and long straggling sentences with more than one main ideas.

6. Editing & Preparing the final Paper

- s) Before writing a term paper, you should ensure you have a question which you attempt to answer in your paper. This question should be kept in mind throughout the paper. Include only information/ details/ analyses of relevance to the question at hand. Sometimes, the relevance of a particular section may be clear to you but not to your readers. To avoid this, ensure you briefly explain the relevance of every section.
- t) Read the paper to ensure that the language is not awkward, and that it "flows" properly.
- u) Check for proper spelling, phrasing and sentence construction.

- v) Check for proper form on footnotes, quotes, and punctuation.
- w) Check to see that quotations serve one of the following purposes:
- x) Show evidence of what an author has said.
- y) Avoid misrepresentation through restatement.
- z) Save unnecessary writing when ideas have been well expressed by the original author.
- aa) Check for proper form on tables and graphs. Be certain that any table or graph is self-explanatory.

Term papers should be composed of the following sections:

- 15) Title page
- 16) Table of contents
- 17) Introduction
- 18) Review
- 19) Discussion & Conclusion
- 20) References
- 21) Appendix

Generally, the introduction, discussion, conclusion and bibliography part should account for a third of the paper and the review part should be two thirds of the paper.

Discussion

The discussion section either follows the results or may alternatively be integrated in the results section. The section should consist of a discussion of the results of the study focusing on the question posed in the research paper.

Conclusion

The conclusion is often thought of as the easiest part of the paper but should by no means be disregarded. There are a number of key components which should not be omitted. These include:

- i) summary of question posed
- j) summary of findings
- k) summary of main limitations of the study at hand
- 1) details of possibilities for related future research

References

From the very beginning of a research project, you should be careful to note all details of articles gathered. The bibliography should contain ALL references included in the paper. References not included in the text in any form should NOT be included in the bibliography.

The key to a good bibliography is consistency. Choose a particular convention and stick to this.

Conventions

Monographs

Crystal, D. (2001), Language and the internet. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press.

Edited volumes

Gass, S./Neu, J. (eds.) (1996), Speech acts across cultures. Challenges to communication in a second language. Berlin/ NY: Mouton de Gruyter.

[(eds.) is used when there is more than one editor; and (ed.) where there is only one editor. In German the abbreviation used is (Hrsg.) for Herausgeber].

Edited articles

Schmidt, R./Shimura, A./Wang, Z./Jeong, H. (1996), Suggestions to buy: Television commercials from the U.S., Japan, China, and Korea. In: Gass, S./Neu, J. (eds.) (1996), Speech acts across cultures. Challenges to communication in a second language. Berlin/ NY: Mouton de Gruyter: 285-316.

Journal articles

McQuarrie, E.F./Mick, D.G. (1992), On resonance: A critical pluralistic inquiry into advertising rhetoric. Journal of consumer research 19, 180-197.

Electronic book

Chandler, D. (1994), Semiotics for beginners [HTML document]. Retrieved [5.10.'01] from the World Wide Web, http://www.aber.ac.uk/media/Documents/S4B/.

Electronic journal articles

Watts, S. (2000) Teaching talk: Should students learn 'real German'? [HTML document]. German as a Foreign Language Journal [online] 1. Retrieved [12.09.'00] from the World Wide Web, http://www.gfl-journal.com/.

Other websites

Verterhus, S.A. (n.y.), Anglicisms in German car advertising. The problem of gender assignment [HTML document]. Retrieved [13.10.'01] from the World Wide Web, http://olaf.hiof.no/~sverrev/eng.html.

Unpublished papers

Takahashi, S./DuFon, M.A. (1989), Cross-linguistic influence in indirectness: The case of English directives performed by native Japanese speakers. Unpublished paper, Department of English as a Second Language, University of Hawai'i at Manoa, Honolulu.

Unpublished theses/ dissertations

Möhl, S. (1996), Alltagssituationen im interkulturellen Vergleich: Realisierung von Kritik und Ablehnung im Deutschen und Englischen. Unpublished MA thesis, University of Hamburg. Walsh, R. (1995), Language development and the year abroad: A study of oral grammatical accuracy amongst adult learners of German as a foreign language. Unpublished PhD dissertation, University College Dublin.

Appendix

The appendix should be used for data collected (e.g. questionnaires, transcripts, ...) and for tables and graphs not included in the main text due to their subsidiary nature or to space constraints in the main text.

Assessment Scheme:

Continuous Evaluation: (Based on abstract writing, interim draft, general approach, research orientation, readings undertaken etc.)	40%
Final Evaluation:	60%

(Based on the organization of the paper, objectives/ problem profile/ issue outlining, comprehensiveness of the research, flow of the idea/ ideas, relevance of material used/ presented, outcomes vs. objectives, presentation/ viva etc.)

Protein Engineering

Course Code: BSB 331

Credit Units:03

THEORY

Course Objective:

This course will provide a broad grounding in concepts, techniques and issues involved in food products and their processing.

Module I

Protein structure: secondary structural elements, super-secondary structure, domains, mechanisms of protein folding, tertiary folds. Formation of oligomers. Protein solubility and interaction with solvents and solutes. The activity of proteins. Protein engineering principles.

Module II

Fundamental methods used in proteomics, Relationship between protein structure and function. Post translational protein modifications. Protein – protein interaction.

Module III

Use of computer simulations and knowledge-based methods in the design process. De-novo design; making use of databases of sequence and structure.

Module IV

Protein engineering of enzyme: Rational and directed evolution, Mutational effect on engineered proteins, Engineered proteins; Structure function design for protein design.

Examination Scheme:

Components	СТ	Attendance	Assignment/ Project/Seminar/Quiz	EE
Weightage (%)	15	5	10	70

Text & References:

Text & References:

Text:

- Genomes II, T.A. Brown
- Recombinant DNA (Second Edition), James D. Watson and Mark Zoller

References:

- A Primer of Genome Science, Greg Gibson and Spencer V. Muse
- Database Annotation in Molecular Biology: Principles and Practice, Arthur M. Lesk
- Gene Cloning and DNA Analysis An introduction (Fourth Edition), T.A. Brown
- Genes & Genomes, Maxine Singer and Paul Berg
- DNA : Structure and Function, Richard R. Sinden
- www.panimaText.com

Food Biotechnology

Course Code: BSB 332

Credit Units:03

THEORY

Course Objective:

This course will provide a broad grounding in concepts, techniques and issues involved in food products and their processing.

Course Contents:

Module I: Introduction

Scope and importance of food industry; RDT and other technologies involved in development of food products; Concept of 'functional food'; Advances and trends, ethical issues, quality control, legislation, FDA & FPO (India), patenting processes and products, consumer acceptance scenario for GM food products and GM crops.

Module II: Techniques used in Food Industry

Sterilization, isolation, screening and strain improvement, cell harvesting and disruption, recovery and purification, production of organic acids – citric acid, lactic acid and acetic acid; Gene cloning, production of recombinant proteins e.g. chymosin

Module III: Dairy Biotechnology

Starter cultures, prebiotics, probiotics – their use as flavor enhancers and disease/ infection combats, applications in production of cheese, butter, ice-cream, yoghurt; applications in biomedical research, e.g. recombinant LABs as vaccines; Modified milk proteins.

Module IV: Microbial, Plant and Animal Biotechnology

Production of SCP (Single cell protein), production of baker's yeast, brewing industry, applications of transgenic plants in food production, transgenic fist, and transgenic poultry.

Examination Scheme:

Components	СТ	Attendance	Assignment/ Project/Seminar/Quiz	EE
Weightage (%)	15	5	10	70

Text & References:

Text:

• Food Biotechnology - 2. 1988. R.D. King and P.S.J. Cheetham (Eds.). Elsevier Applied Science, NY.

References:

- Introduction to Food Biotechnology. Green, Perry Johnson. 2002. CRC Press, Boca Raton, Florida.
- Food Biotechnology-Techniques and Applications. Gauri S. Mittal. 1992. Technomic Publishing Co., Inc., Lancaster, PA.

Environmental Sciences

Course Code: EVS001

Credit Units:04

Course Objective:

The term environment is used to describe, in the aggregate, all the external forces, influences and conditions, which affect the life, nature, behaviour and the growth, development and maturity of living organisms. At present a great number of environment issues, have grown in size and complexity day by day, threatening the survival of mankind on earth. A study of environmental studies is quite essential in all types of environmental sciences, environmental engineering and industrial management. The objective of environmental studies is to enlighten the masses about the importance of the protection and conservation of our environment and control of human activities which has an adverse effect on the environment.

Course Contents:

Module I: The multidisciplinary nature of environmental studies

Definition, scope and importance Need for public awareness

Module II: Natural Resources

Renewable and non-renewable resources:

Natural resources and associated problems

Forest resources: Use and over-exploitation, deforestation, case studies. Timber extraction,

mining, dams and their effects on forests and tribal people.

Water resources: Use and over-utilization of surface and ground water, floods, drought, conflicts over water, dams-benefits and problems.

Mineral resources: Use and exploitation, environmental effects of extracting and using mineral resources, case studies.

Food resources: World food problems, changes caused by agriculture and overgrazing, effects of modern agriculture, fertilizer-pesticide problems, water logging, salinity, case studies.

Energy resources: Growing energy needs, renewable and non-renewable energy sources, use of alternate energy sources, case studies.

Land resources: Land as a resource, land degradation, man induced landslides, soil erosion and desertification.

- Role of an individual in conservation of natural resources.
- Equitable use of resources for sustainable lifestyles.

Module III: Ecosystems

Concept of an ecosystem

Structure and function of an ecosystem

Producers, consumers and decomposers

Energy flow in the ecosystem

Ecological succession

Food chains, food webs and ecological pyramids

Introduction, types, characteristic features, structure and function of the following ecosystem:

- a. Forest ecosystem
- b. Grassland ecosystem
- c. Desert ecosystem
- d. Aquatic ecosystems (ponds, streams, lakes, rivers, ocean estuaries)

Module IV: Biodiversity and its conservation

Introduction - Definition: genetic, species and ecosystem diversity

Biogeographical classification of India

Value of biodiversity: consumptive use, productive use, social, ethical aesthetic and option values

Biodiversity at global, national and local levels

India as a mega-diversity nation

Hot-spots of biodiversity

Threats to biodiversity: habitat loss, poaching of wildlife, man wildlife conflicts

Endangered and endemic species of India

Conservation of biodiversity: In-situ and Ex-situ conservation of biodiversity

Module V: Environmental Pollution

Definition

 $\Box \Box \Box$ Causes, effects and control measures of:

- a. Air pollution
- b. Water pollution
- c. Soil pollution
- d. Marine pollution
- e. Noise pollution
- f. Thermal pollution
- g. Nuclear pollution

Solid waste management: Causes, effects and control measures of urban and industrial wastes. Role of an individual in prevention of pollution.

Pollution case studies.

Disaster management: floods, earthquake, cyclone and landslides.

Module VI: Social Issues and the Environment

From unsustainable to sustainable development Urban problems and related to energy Water conservation, rain water harvesting, watershed management Resettlement and rehabilitation of people; its problems and concerns.Case studies. Environmental ethics: Issues and possible solutions Climate change, global warming, acid rain, ozone laver depletion, nuclear accidents and holocaust. Case studies. Wasteland reclamation Consumerism and waste products Environmental Protection Act Air (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act Water (Prevention and control of Pollution) Act Wildlife Protection Act Forest Conservation Act Issues involved in enforcement of environmental legislation Public awareness

Module VII: Human Population and the Environment

Population growth, variation among nations Population explosion – Family Welfare Programmes Environment and human health Human Rights Value Education HIV / AIDS Women and Child Welfare Role of Information Technology in Environment and Human Health Case Studies

Module VIII: Field Work

Visit to a local area to document environmental assets-river / forest/ grassland/ hill/ mountain. Visit to a local polluted site – Urban / Rural / Industrial / Agricultural Study of common plants, insects, birds

Study of simple ecosystems-pond, river, hill slopes, etc (Field work equal to 5 lecture hours)

Examination Scheme:

Components	СТ	HA	S/V/Q	Α	EE
Weightage (%)	15	5	5	5	70

Text & References:

- Agarwal, K.C. 2001 Environmental Biology, Nidi Publ. Ltd. Bikaner.
- BharuchaErach, The Biodiversity of India, Mapin Publishing Pvt. Ltd., Ahmedabad 380 013, India, Email:mapin@icenet.net (R)
- Brunner R.C., 1989, Hazardous Waste Incineration, McGraw Hill Inc. 480p
- Clark R.S., Marine Pollution, Clanderson Press Oxford (TB)
- Cunningham, W.P. Cooper, T.H. Gorhani, E & Hepworth, M.T. 2001, Environmental Encyclopedia, Jaico Publ. House, Mumabai, 1196p
- De A.K., Environmental Chemistry, Wiley Eastern Ltd.
- Down to Earth, Centre for Science and Environment (R)
- Gleick, H.P. 1993. Water in Crisis, Pacific Institute for Studies in Dev., Environment & Security. Stockholm Env. Institute Oxford Univ. Press. 473p
- Hawkins R.E., Encyclopedia of Indian Natural History, Bombay Natural History Society, Bombay (R)
- Heywood, V.H &Waston, R.T. 1995. Global Biodiversity Assessment. Cambridge Univ. Press 1140p.
- Jadhav, H &Bhosale, V.M. 1995. Environmental Protection and Laws. Himalaya Pub. House, Delhi 284 p.
- Mckinney, M.L. & School, R.M. 1996. Environmental Science Systems & Solutions, Web enhanced edition. 639p.
- Mhaskar A.K., Matter Hazardous, Techno-Science Publication (TB)
- Miller T.G. Jr. Environmental Science, Wadsworth Publishing Co. (TB)
- Odum, E.P. 1971. Fundamentals of Ecology. W.B. Saunders Co. USA, 574p
- Rao M N. & Datta, A.K. 1987. Waste Water treatment. Oxford & IBH Publ. Co. Pvt. Ltd. 345p.
- Sharma B.K., 2001. Environmental Chemistry. Geol Publ. House, Meerut
- Townsend C., Harper J, and Michael Begon, Essentials of Ecology, Blackwell Science
- Trivedi R.K., Handbook of Environmental Laws, Rules Guidelines, Compliances and Standards, Vol I and II, Enviro Media (R)
- Trivedi R. K. and P.K. Goel, Introduction to air pollution, Techno-Science Publication (TB)
- Wanger K.D., 1998 Environnemental Management. W.B. Saunders Co. Philadelphia, USA 499p

Communication Skills - I

Course Code: BCS 301

Credit Units:01

Course Objective:

To form written communication strategies necessary in the workplace

Course Contents:

Module I: Introduction to Writing Skills

Effective Writing Skills Avoiding Common Errors Paragraph Writing Note Taking Writing Assignments

Module II: Letter Writing

Types Formats

Module III

Memo Agenda and Minutes Notice and Circulars

Module IV: Report Writing

Purpose and Scope of a Report Fundamental Principles of Report Writing Project Report Writing Summer Internship Reports

Examination Scheme:

Components	CT1	CT2	CAF	V	GD	GP	Α
Weightage (%)	20	20	25	10	10	10	5

CAF – Communication Assessment File

GD – Group Discussion

GP – Group Presentation

Text & References:

- Business Communication, Raman Prakash, Oxford
- Creative English for Communication, Krishnaswamy N, Macmillan
- Textbook of Business Communication, Ramaswami S, Macmillan
- Working in English, Jones, Cambridge
- A Writer's Workbook Fourth edition, Smoke, Cambridge
- Effective Writing, Withrow, Cambridge
- Writing Skills, Coe/Rycroft/Ernest, Cambridge
- Welcome!, Jones, Cambridge

BEHAVIORAL SCIENCE

Course Code: BSS 303

Credit Units:01

Course Objective:

This course aims at imparting an understanding of: Interpersonal communication and relationship. Strategies for healthy interpersonal relationship Effective management of emotions. Building interpersonal competence.

Course Contents:

Module I: Interpersonal Communication

Importance of Behavioural/ Interpersonal Communication Types – Self and Other Oriented Rapport Building – NLP, Communication Mode Steps to improve Interpersonal Communication

Module II: Interpersonal Styles

Transactional Analysis Life Position/Script Analysis Games Analysis Interact ional and Transactional Styles Bridging differences in Interpersonal Relationship through TA Communication Styles

Module III: Conflict Management and Negotiation

Meaning and Nature of conflicts Styles and techniques of conflict management Meaning of Negotiation Process and Strategies of Negotiation Interpersonal Communication: Conflict Management and Negotiation

Module IV: Interpersonal Relationship Development

Importance of Interpersonal Relationships Interpersonal Relationship Skills Types of Interpersonal Relationships Relevance of Interpersonal Communication in Relationship Development

Module V: Impression Management

Meaning & Components of Impression Management Impression Management Techniques Impression Management Training-Self help and Formal approaches

Module VI: End-of-Semester Appraisal

Viva based on personal journal Assessment of Behavioural change as a result of training Exit Level Rating by Self and Observer

- Vangelist L. Anita, Mark N. Knapp, Inter Personal Communication and Human Relationships: Third Edition, Allyn and Bacon
- Julia T. Wood. Interpersonal Communication everyday encounter
- Beebe, Beebe and Redmond; Interpersonal Communication, 1996; Allyn and Bacon Publishers.
- Rosenfeld, P., Giacalone, R.A. and Catherine, A.R. (2003). Impression Management: Building and Enhancing Reputations at Work. Thomson Learning, Singapore.

FRENCH - III

Course Code: FLT 301

Credit Units:02

Course Objective:

To provide the students with the know-how

- To master the current social communication skills in oral and in written.
- To enrich the formulations, the linguistic tools and vary the sentence construction without repetition.

Course Contents:

Module B: pp. 76 – 88 Unité 6

Module C: pp. 89 to103 Unité 7

Contenu lexical:

Unité 6: se faire plaisir

- 1. acheter : exprimer ses choix, décrire un objet (forme, dimension, poids et matières) payer
- 2. parler de la nourriture, deux façons d'exprimer la quantité, commander un repas au restaurant
- 3. parler des différentes occasions de faire la fête

Unité 7: Cultiver ses relations

- 1. maîtriser les actes de la communication sociale courante
 - (Salutations, présentations, invitations, remerciements)
- 2. annoncer un événement, exprimer un souhait, remercier,
 - s'excuser par écrit.
 - 3. caractériser une personne (aspect physique et caractère)

Contenu grammatical:

- 1. accord des adjectifs qualificatifs
- 2. articles partitifs
- 3. Négations avec de, ne...rien/personne/plus
- 4. Questions avec combien, quel...
- 5. expressions de la quantité
- 6. ne...plus/toujours encore
- 7. pronoms compléments directs et indirects
- accord du participe passé (auxiliaire « avoir ») avec l'objet direct
- 9. Impératif avec un pronom complément direct ou indirect
- 10. construction avec « que » Je crois que/ Je pense que/ Je sais que

Examination Scheme:

Components	CT1	CT2	С	Ι	V	Α
Weightage (%)	20	20	20	20	15	5

C – Project + Presentation

I – Interaction/Conversation Practice

Text & References:

• le livre à suivre : Campus: Tome 1

GERMAN - III

Course Code: FLG 301

Credit Units:02

Course Objective:

To enable the students to converse, read and write in the language with the help of the basic rules of grammar, which will later help them to strengthen their language.

To give the students an insight into the culture, geography, political situation and economic opportunities available in Germany

Course Contents:

Module I: Modal verbs

Modal verbs with conjugations and usage Imparting the finer nuances of the language

Module II: Information about Germany (ongoing)

Information about Germany in the form of presentations or "Referat"– neighbors, states and capitals, important cities and towns and characteristic features of the same, and also a few other topics related to Germany.

Module III: Dative case

Dative case, comparison with accusative case Dative case with the relevant articles Introduction to 3 different kinds of sentences – nominative, accusative and dative

Module IV: Dative personal pronouns

Nominative, accusative and dative pronouns in comparison

Module V: Dative prepositions

Dative preposition with their usage both theoretical and figurative use

Module VI: Dialogues

In the Restaurant, At the Tourist Information Office, A telephone conversation

Module VII: Directions

Names of the directions Asking and telling the directions with the help of a roadmap

Module VIII: Conjunctions

To assimilate the knowledge of the conjunctions learnt indirectly so far

Examination Scheme:

Components	CT1	CT2	С	Ι	V	Α
Weightage (%)	20	20	20	20	15	5

C – Project + Presentation

I – Interaction/Conversation Practice

- Wolfgang Hieber, Lernziel Deutsch
- Hans-Heinrich Wangler, Sprachkurs Deutsch
- Schulz Griesbach, Deutsche Sprachlehre für Ausländer
- P.L Aneja, Deutsch Interessant- 1, 2 & 3
- Rosa-Maria Dallapiazza et al, Tangram Aktuell A1/1,2
- Braun, Nieder, Schmöe, Deutsch als Fremdsprache 1A, Grundkurs

- Wolfgang Hieber, Lernziel Deutsch
- Hans-Heinrich Wangler, Sprachkurs Deutsch
- Schulz Griesbach, Deutsche Sprachlehre für Ausländer
- P.L Aneja, Deutsch Interessant- 1, 2 & 3
- Rosa-Maria Dallapiazza et al, Tangram Aktuell A1/1,2
- Braun, Nieder, Schmöe, Deutsch als Fremdsprache 1A, Grundkurs

SPANISH – III

Course Code: FLS 301

Credit Units:02

Course Objective:

To enable students acquire knowledge of the Set/definite expressions (idiomatic expressions) in Spanish language and to handle some Spanish situations with ease.

Course Contents:

Module I

Revision of earlier semester modules Set expressions (idiomatic expressions) with the verb *Tener*, *Poner*, *Ir*.... Weather

Module II

Introduction to Gustar...and all its forms. Revision of Gustar and usage of it

Module III

Translation of Spanish-English; English-Spanish. Practice sentences. How to ask for directions (using estar) Introduction to IR + A + INFINITIVE FORM OF A VERB

Module IV

Simple conversation with help of texts and vocabulary En el restaurante En el instituto En el aeropuerto

Module V

Reflexives

Examination Scheme:

Components	CT1	CT2	С	Ι	V	Α
Weightage (%)	20	20	20	20	15	5

C – Project + Presentation

I – Interaction/Conversation Practice

- Español, En Directo I A
- Español Sin Fronteras -Nivel Elemental

CHINESE – III

Course Code: FLC 301 **Course Objective:**

Credit Units:02

Foreign words are usually imported by translating the concept into Chinese, the emphasis is on the meaning rather than the sound. But the system runs into a problem because the underlying name of personal name is often obscure so they are almost always transcribed according to their pronciation alone. The course aims at familiarizing the student with the basic aspects of speaking ability of Mandarin, the language of Mainland China. The course aims at training students in practical skills and nurturing them to interact with a Chinese person.

Course Contents:

Module I

Drills Dialogue practice Observe picture and answer the question. Introduction of written characters. Practice reading aloud Practice using the language both by speaking and by taking notes. Character writing and stroke order

Module II

Measure words Position words e.g. inside, outside, middle, in front, behind, top, bottom, side, left, right, straight. Directional words – beibian, xibian, nanbian, dongbian, zhongjian. Our school and its different building locations. What game do you like? Difference between "hii" and "neng", "keyi".

Module III

Changing affirmative sentences to negative ones and vice versa Human body parts. Not feeling well words e.g. ; fever, cold, stomach ache, head ache. Use of the modal particle "le" Making a telephone call Use of "jiu" and "cal" (Grammar portion) Automobiles e.g. Bus, train, boat, car, bike etc. Traveling, by train, by airplane, by bus, on the bike, by boat.. etc.

Module IV

The ordinal number "di" "Mei" the demonstrative pronoun e.g. mei tian, mei nian etc. use of to enter to exit Structural particle "de" (Compliment of degree). Going to the Park. Description about class schedule during a week in school. Grammar use of "li" and "cong". Comprehension reading followed by questions.

Module V

Persuasion-Please don't smoke. Please speak slowly Praise – This pictorial is very beautiful Opposites e.g. Clean-Dirty, Little-More, Old-New, Young-Old, Easy-Difficult, Boy-Girl, Black-White, Big-Small, Slow-Fast ... etc. Talking about studies and classmates Use of "it doesn't matter" Enquiring about a student, description about study method. Grammar: Negation of a sentence with a verbal predicate.

Examination Scheme:

Components	CT1	CT2	С	Ι	V	Α
Weightage (%)	20	20	20	20	15	5

C – Project + Presentation

I – Interaction/Conversation Practice

Text & References:

• "Elementary Chinese Reader Part I, Part-2" Lesson 21-30

RECOMBINANT DNA TECHNOLOGY

Course Code: BSB 401

Credit Units: 03

Course Objective:

An understanding of molecular techniques like DNA sequencing, restriction mapping, PCR for the cloning and expression of genes can be obtained through the course. The successful application of biotechnology largely depends on these advanced molecular techniques.

Module I: Introduction to Recombinant DNA Technology

Importance of Gene Cloning and DNA Analysis, Vectors for Gene Cloning: Plasmids and Bacteriophages, Purification of DNA from bacterial, plant and animal cells.

Module II: Basic Principles of Gene Cloning

Manipulation of purified DNA-enzymes used in RDT, Restriction Mapping, Introduction of DNA into living cells, How to obtain a clone of a specific gene.

Module III: Blotting techniques and hybridization

Southern, Northern and Western blotting techniques, Radioactive and non-radioactive probes, Dot blots and slot blots, RFLP, AFLP.

Module IV: Nucleic acid amplification and Sequencing

Principles of PCR, designing of primers, Sanger's and Automated DNA sequencing

Module V: Applications of gene cloning in biotechnology

Production of proteins from cloned genes, Gene cloning in medicine (Pharmaceutical agents such as insulin, growth hormones, recombinant vaccines), gene therapy for genetic diseases.

Examination Scheme:

Components	СТ	Attendance	Assignment/ Project/Seminar/Quiz	EE
Weightage (%)	15	5	10	70

Text & References:

Text:

• Brown, T.A. (2010). Gene cloning and DNA analysis, 6th Ed. Wiley- Blackwell, A John Wiley & Sons, Ltd. Publication.

- Primrose, S. B. and Twyman, R.M. (2006). Principles of Gene Manipulation and Genomics, 7th Ed. Blackwell Publication.
- Glick, B.R. and Pasternak J.J. (2010). Molecular Biotechnology: Principles and Applications of Recombinant DNA, 4th Ed. ASM Press.

STRUCTURAL BIOLOGY

Course Code: BSB 402

Credit Units: 03

Course Objective:

The course aims to provide an understanding of the principles and applications of proteins, enzymes and nucleic acids for their role in biochemical pathway as well as interactions among themselves.

Course Contents:

Module I: Introduction to structural biology

Structural biology: Introduction and applications. Basic structural principles, Proteins and poly peptide chains.

Module II: Fundamentals of protein structure

Structre of amino acids, primary structure of proteins, Secondary structure of proteins-helices, sheets, loops and turns. Supersecondary structures, Tertiary structure of proteins: alpha domain structures beta domain structures, alpha-beta domain structures, homo and hetero-dimers, trimers and tetramers.

Module IV: Protein solubility and stabilization

Salting in and salting out, Native, partially denatured and denatured proteins; Protein denaturation, Physical and chemical denaturants; Refolding

Module V: Structure function and engineering

Rational structure based drug design. Protein-DNA interactions. Drug-DNA interactions. Protein engineering and design of Protein structures.

Examination Scheme:

Components	СТ	Attendance	Assignment/ Project/Seminar/Quiz	EE
Weightage (%)	15	5	10	70

Text & References:

Text:

- Introduction to Protein Structure, C. Branden and J Tooze, Garland Publishing Company, New York. 2010.
- Textbook of Structural Biology, Anders Liljas, Lars Liljas and Poul, World Scientific Publishing Co Pte Ltd.

- Protein Structure, M. Perutz, Oxford University Press.
- Structural Biology of Viruses, Wah Chiu, Roger M. Burnett and Robert Garce, Oxford University Press.
- Structure and Mechanism in Protein Science, Alan Fersht.

Immunology & Immunotechnology

Course Code: BSB 403

Credit Units: 02

Course Objective:

Role of antibody engineering in biomedical applications and the importance of immuno genetics in disease processes, tissue transplantation and immune regulation are some of the areas of attributes of this course which can help the students to understand the biotechnology related to human kind.

Course Contents:

Module I

Immune system, immune response; Immunity: Innate and specific immunity, primary and secondary immune response, active and passive immune response, Humoral immunity and cell mediated immunity, Clonal selection theory

Module II

Immune system: The organs of the immune system: structure and function - Thymus, bone marrow, spleen, MALT.

Module III

Histocompatibility: structure of MHC class I, II & III antigens & their mode of antigen presentation, MHC restriction; Antigens & antigenicity

Module IV

Antibody structure, types and functions; concept of isotypes, allotypes, idiotypes. Antibody diversity, Monoclonal antibodies and their production.

Module V

Immunotechnology: ELISA, radioimmunoassay, Immunofluorescent assay. Precipitation an agglutination based assays.

Examination Scheme:

Components	СТ	Attendance	Assignment/ Project/Seminar/Quiz	EE
Weightage (%)	15	5	10	70

Text & References:

Text:

Owen J., Punt J., and Stranford Sharon (2013): Immunology, 7thEdition, Macmillan higher education, New York. ISBN-13: 978-1-4292-1919-8.

Delves P., Martin S., Burton D. and Roitt I.(2006): Roitt's Essential Immunology, 11th Edition, Blackwell Publishers, Oxford.

References:

Abbas AK, Lichtman AH, Pillai S (2010) Celllular and Molecular Immunology,6th Edition, Saunders Elsevier, ISBN:978-0-8089-2411-1

Animal science- II

Course Code: BSB 404

Credit Units: 03

THEORY

Course Objective:

To acquaint students with the general characters and classification of coelomates as well as chordates and the affinities between different groups.

Course Contents:

Module I

Introduction to Coelomates: Evolution of Coelom and Metamerism, Annelida: General characteristics and classification up to orders. Excretion in Annelida

Module II

Arthropoda: General characteristics and classification up to orders; vision and respiration in Arthropoda; Metamorphosis in Insects; social life in bees.

Mollusca: General characteristics and classification up to orders; Respiration in Mollusca

Module III

Echinodermata: General characteristics and classification up to classes; water vascular system in Asteroidea; Larval forms in Echinodermata; Affinities with Chordates

Module IV

Introduction to Chordates: General Characteristics; outline classification, Protochordata: Hemichordata, Urochordata and Cephalochordata. General characteristics of Pisces, Amphibia, Reptilia, Aves and Mammals

Examination Scheme

Components	СТ	Attendance	Assignment/ Project/Seminar/Quiz	EE
Weightage (%)	15	5	10	70

Text books:

3. Dhami, P.S. and Dhami, J.K. Invertebrate Zoology. 5th ed. New Delhi: R. Chand & Co.,

4. Hyman L.H. The Invertebrates. Vol. I, II, III, IV and V. McGraw Hill Book Company. Inc., , 1959. **Reference books:**

3. Dodson, E.O. A Text Book of Zoology. Delhi: CBS Publishers & Distributors, 1976.

4. Young, J. Z. The Life of Vertebrates. III Edition. Oxford university press., 2004

CHEMISTRY - IV

Course Code: BSB 405 THEORY Credit Units: 03

Course Objective:

The objective of this course is to educate the students about the laws of thermodynamics and its applications, tendency of carbon element to form aromatic & non aromatic compounds and their uses.

Course Contents:

ORGANIC CHEMISTRY

Module I: Carbohydrates

Classification of carbohydrates, constitution of glucose and fructose, mutarotation, General reactions of monosaccharide. An overview of disaccharides.

Module II

General study of aromatic compounds, orientation of aromatic compounds, aromaticity. Study of preparation and properties of Toluene, Halogen substituted aromatic compounds; Chlorobenzene, benzene diazonium chloride, Phenols, nitrobenzene, aniline.

Module III

General study of aromatic aldehydes and ketones, phenolic aldehydes & ketones, Aromatic carboxylic acids, phthalic acid and salicylic acid. Benzene sulphonic acid, sulphanilic acid.

Module IV

Poly aromatic hydrocarbons; preparation and synthesis of Naphalene, alpha and beta napthol. Constitution of heterocyclic compounds for example pyridine and quinolene.

PHYSICAL CHEMICAL

Module III: Chemical Thermodynamics

Energy, Work, Heat capacity. The first law of Thermodynamics, Heat of a reaction at constant pressure and constant volume. Hess's law, Kirchoff's Equations. The Second Law of Thermodynamics. Entropy (S). Determination of Entropy. Changes for reversible transition processes. Free Energy (G), Free Energy Change and chemical equilibrium.

Module IV: Electrochemistry

Galvanic cells, standard electrode potential, types of electrodes, measurement of pH.

Module V: Photochemistry

Lambert-Beer's Law: Law of photochemical equivalence; quantum efficiency, High and low quantum yields, reasons for high and low quantum yields, photoelectric cell. Phosphorescence and fluorescence.

Examination Scheme:

Components	СТ	Attendance	Assignment/ Project/Seminar/Quiz	EE
Weightage (%)	15	5	10	70

Text & References:

Text:

- A text book of Organic Chemistry, Bahl & Bahl, S. Chand & Co. Ltd.
- Principles of Physical Chemistry, Puri, Sharma & Pathania, Vishal Publishing Co.

References:

• Advanced Organic Chemistry, Bahl & Bahl, S. Chand & Co. Ltd.

- Organic Chemistry Vol. I & II, I.L. Finar
- Fundamentals of Organic Chemistry, Nafis Haider, S. Chand & Co. Ltd.
- Organic Chemistry Vol. I, II & III, Dr. Jagdamba Singh, L.D.S. Yadav, Pragati Prakashan.
- Essentials of Physical Chemistry, Bahl & Tuli, S. Chand & Co. Ltd.
- Simplified course in Physical Chemistry, Madan & Tuli, S. Chand & Co. Ltd.

RECOMBINANT DNA TECHNOLOGY LAB

Course Code: BSB 421

Course Contents:

Module I:

Isolation of Genomic DNA and plasmid DNA

Module II:

Polymerase Chain Reaction

Module III

Restriction digestion

Examination Scheme:

	IA			EE		
Class Test (Practical Based)	Mid Term Viva	Attendance	Major Experiment	Minor Experiment/Spotting	Practical Record	Viva
15	10	05	35	15	10	10

Credit Units: 01

Credit Units: 01

STRUCTURAL BIOLOGY LAB

Course Code: BSB 422

Course Contents:

- 1. Crystallization of Lysozyme -pH driven and salt driven crystallization.
- 2. Study of change in salt concentration on protein precipitation.
- 3. Study of protein finger printing
- 4. Study of change in pH on protein solubility.
- 5. Protein structure analysis.
- 6. Protein ligand interaction studies.

	IA			EE		
Class Test (Practical Based)	Mid Term Viva	Attendance	Major Experiment	Minor Experiment/Spotting	Practical Record	Viva
15	10	05	35	15	10	10

IMMUNOLOGY AND IMMUNOTECHNOLOGY LAB

Course Code: BSB 423

Credit Units: 01

Course Contents:

Module I

Blood film preparation & identification of blood cells

Module II

Differential Leucocyte Count, Total Leucocyte Count

Module III

Agglutination Based Tests: Study of blood groups ,Widal test

Module IV Study of ELISA.

	IA			EE				
Class Test (Practical Based)	Mid Term Viva	Attendance	Major Experiment	Minor Experiment/Spotting	Practical Record	Viva		
15	10	05	35	15	10	10		

TERM PAPER

Course Code: BSB 430

Credit Units: 03

A term (or research) paper is primarily a record of intelligent reading in several sources on a particular subject. The students will choose the topic at the beginning of the session in consultation with the faculty assigned. The progress of the paper will be monitored regularly by the faculty. At the end of the semester the detailed paper on the topic will be submitted to the faculty assigned. The evaluation will be done by Board of examiners comprising of the faculties.

GUIDELINES FOR TERM PAPER

The procedure for writing a term paper may consists of the following steps:

- 19. Choosing a subject
- 20. Finding sources of materials
- 21. Collecting the notes
- 22. Outlining the paper
- 23. Writing the first draft
- 24. Editing & preparing the final paper

1. Choosing a Subject

The subject chosen should not be too general.

2. Finding Sources of materials

- j) The material sources should be not more than 10 years old unless the nature of the paper is such that it involves examining older writings from a historical point of view.
- k) Begin by making a list of subject-headings under which you might expect the subject to be listed.
- 1) The sources could be books and magazines articles, news stories, periodicals, scientific journals etc.

3. Collecting the notes

Skim through sources, locating the useful material, then make good notes of it, including quotes and information for footnotes.

- j) Get facts, not just opinions. Compare the facts with author's conclusion.
- k) In research studies, notice the methods and procedures, results & conclusions.
- l) Check cross references.

4. Outlining the paper

- g) Review notes to find main sub-divisions of the subject.
- h) Sort the collected material again under each main division to find sub-sections for outline so that it begins to look more coherent and takes on a definite structure. If it does not, try going back and sorting again for main divisions, to see if another general pattern is possible.

5. Writing the first draft

Write the paper around the outline, being sure that you indicate in the first part of the paper what its purpose is. You may follow the following:

- a) statement of purpose
- b) main body of the paper
- c) statement of summary and conclusion

Avoid short, bumpy sentences and long straggling sentences with more than one main ideas.

6. Editing & Preparing the final Paper

- bb) Before writing a term paper, you should ensure you have a question which you attempt to answer in your paper. This question should be kept in mind throughout the paper. Include only information/ details/ analyses of relevance to the question at hand. Sometimes, the relevance of a particular section may be clear to you but not to your readers. To avoid this, ensure you briefly explain the relevance of every section.
- cc) Read the paper to ensure that the language is not awkward, and that it "flows" properly.
- dd) Check for proper spelling, phrasing and sentence construction.

- ee) Check for proper form on footnotes, quotes, and punctuation.
- ff) Check to see that quotations serve one of the following purposes:
- gg) Show evidence of what an author has said.
- hh) Avoid misrepresentation through restatement.
- ii) Save unnecessary writing when ideas have been well expressed by the original author.
- jj) Check for proper form on tables and graphs. Be certain that any table or graph is self-explanatory.

Term papers should be composed of the following sections:

- 22) Title page
- 23) Table of contents
- 24) Introduction
- 25) Review
- 26) Discussion & Conclusion
- 27) References
- 28) Appendix

Generally, the introduction, discussion, conclusion and bibliography part should account for a third of the paper and the review part should be two thirds of the paper.

Discussion

The discussion section either follows the results or may alternatively be integrated in the results section. The section should consist of a discussion of the results of the study focusing on the question posed in the research paper.

Conclusion

The conclusion is often thought of as the easiest part of the paper but should by no means be disregarded. There are a number of key components which should not be omitted. These include:

- m) summary of question posed
- n) summary of findings
- o) summary of main limitations of the study at hand
- p) details of possibilities for related future research

References

From the very beginning of a research project, you should be careful to note all details of articles gathered. The bibliography should contain ALL references included in the paper. References not included in the text in any form should NOT be included in the bibliography.

The key to a good bibliography is consistency. Choose a particular convention and stick to this.

Conventions

Monographs

Crystal, D. (2001), Language and the internet. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press.

Edited volumes

Gass, S./Neu, J. (eds.) (1996), Speech acts across cultures. Challenges to communication in a second language. Berlin/ NY: Mouton de Gruyter.

[(eds.) is used when there is more than one editor; and (ed.) where there is only one editor. In German the abbreviation used is (Hrsg.) for Herausgeber].

Edited articles

Schmidt, R./Shimura, A./Wang, Z./Jeong, H. (1996), Suggestions to buy: Television commercials from the U.S., Japan, China, and Korea. In: Gass, S./Neu, J. (eds.) (1996), Speech acts across cultures. Challenges to communication in a second language. Berlin/ NY: Mouton de Gruyter: 285-316.

Journal articles

McQuarrie, E.F./Mick, D.G. (1992), On resonance: A critical pluralistic inquiry into advertising rhetoric. Journal of consumer research 19, 180-197.

Electronic book

Chandler, D. (1994), Semiotics for beginners [HTML document]. Retrieved [5.10.'01] from the World Wide Web, http://www.aber.ac.uk/media/Documents/S4B/.

Electronic journal articles

Watts, S. (2000) Teaching talk: Should students learn 'real German'? [HTML document]. German as a Foreign Language Journal [online] 1. Retrieved [12.09.'00] from the World Wide Web, http://www.gfl-journal.com/.

Other websites

Verterhus, S.A. (n.y.), Anglicisms in German car advertising. The problem of gender assignment [HTML document]. Retrieved [13.10.'01] from the World Wide Web, http://olaf.hiof.no/~sverrev/eng.html.

Unpublished papers

Takahashi, S./DuFon, M.A. (1989), Cross-linguistic influence in indirectness: The case of English directives performed by native Japanese speakers. Unpublished paper, Department of English as a Second Language, University of Hawai'i at Manoa, Honolulu.

Unpublished theses/ dissertations

Möhl, S. (1996), Alltagssituationen im interkulturellen Vergleich: Realisierung von Kritik und Ablehnung im Deutschen und Englischen. Unpublished MA thesis, University of Hamburg. Walsh, R. (1995), Language development and the year abroad: A study of oral grammatical accuracy amongst adult learners of German as a foreign language. Unpublished PhD dissertation, University College Dublin.

Appendix

The appendix should be used for data collected (e.g. questionnaires, transcripts, ...) and for tables and graphs not included in the main text due to their subsidiary nature or to space constraints in the main text.

Assessment Scheme:

Continuous Evaluation: (Based on abstract writing, interim draft, general approach, research orientation, readings undertaken etc.)	40%
Final Evaluation:	60%

(Based on the organization of the paper, objectives/ problem profile/ issue outlining, comprehensiveness of the research, flow of the idea/ ideas, relevance of material used/ presented, outcomes vs. objectives, presentation/ viva etc.)

DOWNSTREAM PROCESSING

Course Code: BSB 431

Credit Units: 03

Course Objective:

The syllabus will help the students to characterize the Bioproducts due to downstreaming process of biotechnological importance.

Course Contents:

Module I

Characteristics of Bioproducts; Coagulation, Flocculation and conditioning of broth.

Module II

Mechanical separation; Cell disruption techniques, Protein precipitation and separation

Module III

Aqueous- two- phase extraction, Adsorption-desorption processes, Chromatographic methods of separation based on size, charge, hydrophobic interactions and biological affinity

Module IV

Membrane based separation; Dialysis, Electrodialysis; Micro filtration, Ultra filtration; Electrophoresis, Crystallization; Drying

Examination Scheme:

Components	СТ	Attendance	Assignment/ Project/Seminar/Quiz	EE
Weightage (%)	15	5	10	70

Text & References:

Text:

- Biochemical Engineering Fundamentals, J.E. Bailey and D.F. Ollis, McGraw-Hill.
- Bioseparations, P.A. Belter, E.L. Cussler and W.S. Hu, John Wiley and Sons Inc. Bioseparations: Downstream Processing for Biotechnology, P.A. Belter et al, John Wiley and Sons Inc.

- Biotreatment, Downstream Processing and Modelling (Advances in Biochemical Engineering / Biotechnology, Vol 56), T. Scheper et al, Springer Verlag.
- Chromatographic and Membrane Processes in Biotechnology, C.A. Costa and J.S. Cabral, Kluwer Academic Publisher.
- Downstream Processing, J.P. Hamel, J.B. Hunter and S.K. Sikdar, American Chemical Society.
- Protein Purification, M.R. Ladisch, R.C. Willson, C.C. Painton and S.E. Builder, American Chemical Society.

Credit Units: 03

PHARMACEUTICAL TECHNOLOGY & BIOTECHNOLOGY

Course Code: BSB 432

Theory

Course Objective:

The main objectives for biotechnology students are to cover representative pharmaceutical dosage forms and general issues of formulation, production, quality requirements, validation and uses and to gain an understanding of the challenges associated with quality pharmaceutical manufacturing

Module –I:

Pharmaceutical calculations: Posology, calculation of doses for infants, adults and elderly patients; Enlarging and reducing recipes percentage solutions, allegation, alcohol dilution, proof spirit, isotonic solutions, displacement value etc.

Pharmacopoeias & Formularies: IP,BP,USP, Drug & cosmetic act and rules, Good manufacturing practices, Good laboratories practices and requirements of premises, plant and equipment for pharmaceutical products including Master & Batch formula records. (Schedule-M).

Module-II

Pharmaceutical Dosage Forms & Drug Delivery Systems:

Introduction to different dosage forms, their classification with examples (Official formulation), their relative application. Various route of drug administration.

Module III

Blood Products and Plasma Substitutes: Collection, processing and storage of whole human blood, concentrated human RBCs, dried human plasma, dried human serum, human plasma protein fraction, human fibrinogen, human thrombin, human normal immunoglobulin, human fibrin, fibrin foam, plasma substitutes: ideal requirements, PVP, dextran.

Module-IV

Antibiotics: Historical development of antibiotics. Antimicrobial spectrum and methods used for their standardization. Classification of antimicrobial drugs based on mechanism of action. Problems arising with use of Antimicrobial drugs (Toxicity, Hypersensitivity reactions, Drug resistance, Super-infection, Nutritional deficiencies. **Antibiotics fermentation:** General history, Raw materials, manufacturing process and quality control.

Examination Scheme:

Components	СТ	Attendance	Assignment/ Project/Seminar/Quiz	EE
Weightage (%)	15	5	10	70

Suggested Books:

- 1. Pharmaceutical Biotechnology, by Daan J. A. Crommelin, Robert D. Sindelar. Informa Healthcare USA, Inc, 3rd edition.
- 2. Textbook of Pharmaceutical Biotechnology, By Chandrakant Kokate, Pramod H.J, SS Jalalpure , Publisher: Elsevier India Pvt Ltd.
- 3. Vyas SP, Dixit VK."Pharmaceutical Biotechnology", 1st edition ,2007, CBS Publishers & Distributors, New Delhi
- 4. Textbook Of Physical Pharmaceutics by C.V.S. Subrahmanyam, Vallabh Prakashan.
- 5. Text book of Pharmaceutical Engineering by C.V.S. Subrahmanyam, Vallabh Prakashan.

Communication Skills - II

Course Code: BCS 401

Credit Units:01

Course Objective:

To teach the participants strategies for improving academic reading and writing. Emphasis is placed on increasing fluency, deepening vocabulary, and refining academic language proficiency.

Course Contents:

Module I: Social Communication Skills

Small Talk Conversational English Appropriateness Building rapport

Module II: Context Based Speaking

In general situations In specific professional situations Discussion and associated vocabulary Simulations/Role Play

Module III: Professional Skills

Presentations Negotiations Meetings Telephony Skills

Examination Scheme:

Components	CT1	CT2	CAF	V	GD	GP	Α
Weightage (%)	20	20	25	10	10	10	5

CAF – Communication Assessment File GD – Group Discussion GP – Group Presentation

- Essential Telephoning in English, Garside/Garside, Cambridge
- Working in English, Jones, Cambridge
- Business Communication, Raman Prakash, Oxford
- Speaking Personally, Porter-Ladousse, Cambridge
- Speaking Effectively, Jermy Comfort, et.al, Cambridge
- Business Communication, Raman Prakash, Oxford

Understanding Self for Effectiveness IV

Course Code: BSS 403

Credit Units:01

Course Objective:

To inculcate an elementary level of understanding of group/team functions To develop team-spirit and to know the importance of working in teams

Course Contents:

Module I: Group formation

Definition and Characteristics Importance of groups Classification of groups Stages of group formation Benefits of group formation

Module II: Group Functions

External Conditions affecting group functioning: Authority, Structure, Org. Resources, Organizational policies etc. Internal conditions affecting group functioning: Roles, Norms, Conformity, Status, Cohesiveness, Size, Inter group conflict. Group Cohesiveness and Group Conflict

Adjustment in Groups

Module III: Teams

Meaning and nature of teams External and Internal factors effecting team Building Effective Teams Consensus Building Collaboration

Module IV: Leadership

Meaning, Nature and Functions Self leadership Leadership styles in organization Leadership in Teams

Module V: Power to empower: Individual and Teams

Meaning and Nature Types of power Relevance in organization and Society

Module VI: End-of-Semester Appraisal

Viva based on personal journal Assessment of Behavioural change as a result of training Exit Level Rating by Self and Observer

- Organizational Behaviour, Davis, K.
- Hoover, Judhith D. Effective Small Group and Team Communication, 2002, Harcourt College Publishers
- Dick, Mc Cann & Margerison, Charles: Team Management, 1992 Edition, viva books
- LaFasto and Larson: When Teams Work Best, 2001, Response Books (Sage), New Delhi
- Smither Robert D.; The Psychology of Work and Human Performance, 1994, Harper Collins College Publishers

FRENCH - IV

Course Code: FLT 401

Credit Units:02

Course Objective:

To enable students:

- To develop strategies of comprehension of texts of different origin
- To present facts, projects, plans with precision

Course Contents:

Module C: pp. 104 – 139 : Unités 8,9

Contenu lexical : Unité 8: Découvrir le passé

- 1. parler du passé, des habitudes et des changements.
 - 2. parler de la famille, raconter une suite
 - d'événements/préciser leur date et leur durée.
 - 3. connaître quelques moments de l'histoire

Unité 9: Entreprendre

- 1. faire un projet de la réalisation: (exprimer un besoin,
 - préciser les étapes d'une réalisation)
- 2. parler d'une entreprise
- 3. parler du futur

Contenu grammatical:

- 1. Imparfait
- 2. Pronom « en »
- 3. Futur
- 4. Discours rapporté au présent
- 5. Passé récent
- 6. Présent progressif

Examination Scheme:

Components	CT1	CT2	С	Ι	V	Α
Weightage (%)	20	20	20	20	15	5

C – Project + Presentation

I – Interaction/Conversation Practice

Text & References:

• le livre à suivre : Campus: Tome 1

GERMAN - IV

Course Code: FLG 401

Credit Units:02

Course Objective:

To enable the students to converse, read and write in the language with the help of the basic rules of grammar, which will later help them to strengthen their language.

To give the students an insight into the culture, geography, political situation and economic opportunities available in Germany.

Introduction to Advanced Grammar Language and Professional Jargon

Course Contents:

Module I: Present perfect tense

Present perfect tense, usage and applicability Usage of this tense to indicate near past Universal applicability of this tense in German

Module II: Letter writing

To acquaint the students with the form of writing informal letters.

Module III: Interchanging prepositions

Usage of prepositions with both accusative and dative cases Usage of verbs fixed with prepositions Emphasizing on the action and position factor

Module IV: Past tense

Introduction to simple past tense Learning the verb forms in past tense Making a list of all verbs in the past tense and the participle forms

Module V: Reading a Fairy Tale

Comprehension and narration Rotkäppchen Froschprinzessin Die Fremdsprache

Module VI: Genitive case

Genitive case – Explain the concept of possession in genitive Mentioning the structure of weak nouns

Module VII: Genitive prepositions

Discuss the genitive propositions and their usage: (während, wegen, statt, trotz)

Module VIII: Picture Description

Firstly recognize the persons or things in the picture and identify the situation depicted in the picture; Secondly answer questions of general meaning in context to the picture and also talk about the personal experiences which come to your mind upon seeing the picture.

Examination Scheme:

Components	CT1	CT2	С	Ι	V	Α
Weightage (%)	20	20	20	20	15	5

C – Project + Presentation

I - Interaction/Conversation Practice

- Wolfgang Hieber, Lernziel Deutsch
- Hans-Heinrich Wangler, Sprachkurs Deutsch
- Schulz Griesbach, Deutsche Sprachlehre für Ausländer
- P.L Aneja, Deutsch Interessant- 1, 2 & 3
- Rosa-Maria Dallapiazza et al, Tangram Aktuell A1/1,2
- Braun, Nieder, Schmöe, Deutsch als Fremdsprache 1A, Grundkurs

SPANISH – IV

Course Code: FLS 401

Credit Units:02

Course Objective:

To enable students acquire working knowledge of the language; to give them vocabulary, grammar, voice modulations/intonations to handle everyday Spanish situations with ease.

Course Contents:

Module I

Revision of earlier semester modules Introduction to Present Continuous Tense (Gerunds)

Module II

Translation with Present Continuous Tense Introduction to Gustar, Parecer, Apetecer, doler

Module III

Imperatives (positive and negative commands of regular verbs)

Module IV

Commercial/business vocabulary

Module V

Simple conversation with help of texts and vocabulary En la recepcion del hotel En el restaurante En la agencia de viajes En la tienda/supermercado

Examination Scheme:

Components	CT1	CT2	С	Ι	V	Α
Weightage (%)	20	20	20	20	15	5

C – Project + Presentation

I – Interaction/Conversation Practice

Text & References:

• Español Sin Fronteras (Nivel – Elemental)

Course Code: FLC 401 **Course Objective:**

How many characters are there? The early Qing dynasty dictionary included nearly 50,000 characters the vast majority of which were rare accumulated characters over the centuries. An educate person in China can probably recognize around 6000 characters. The course aims at familiarizing the student with the basic aspects of speaking ability of Mandarin, the language of Mainland China. The course aims at training students in

Course Contents:

Module I

Dialogue Practice Observe picture and answer the question Pronunciation and intonation Character writing and stroke order. Electronic items

Module II

Traveling – The Scenery is very beautiful Weather and climate Grammar question with – "bu shi Ma?" The construction "yao ... le" (Used to indicate that an action is going to take place) Time words "yiqian", "yiwai" (Before and after). The adverb "geng".

practical skills and nurturing them to interact with a Chinese person.

Module III

Going to a friend house for a visit meeting his family and talking about their customs. Fallen sick and going to the Doctor, the doctor examines, takes temperature and writes prescription. Aspect particle "guo" shows that an action has happened some time in the past. Progressive aspect of an actin "zhengzai" Also the use if "zhe" with it. To welcome someone and to see off someone I cant go the airport to see you off... etc.

Module IV

Shipment. Is this the place to checking luggage? Basic dialogue on – Where do u work? Basic dialogue on – This is my address Basic dialogue on – I understand Chinese Basic dialogue on – What job do u do? Basic dialogue on – What time is it now?

Module V

Basic dialogue on – What day (date) is it today? Basic dialogue on – What is the weather like here. Basic dialogue on – Do u like Chinese food? Basic dialogue on – I am planning to go to China.

Examination Scheme:

Components	CT1	CT2	С	Ι	V	Α
Weightage (%)	20	20	20	20	15	5

C – Project + Presentation

I – Interaction/Conversation Practice

Text & References:

• "Elementary Chinese Reader, Part-2" Lesson 31-38

Credit Units:02

PLANT BIOTECHNOLOGY

Course Code: BSB 501

Credit Units: 03

Course Objective:

The course aims to make the students understand the basic techniques of plant tissue culture. The application of Plant Biotechnology covers major areas related to commercial applications. Regeneration of plants through *in vitro* techniques offers a practical strategy for micropropagation.

Module I: Introduction to in vitro methods

Terms and definitions. Beginning of *in vitro* cultures in our country (ovary and ovule culture, *in vitro* pollination and fertilization. Embryo culture, embryo rescue after wide hybridization, and its applications. Endosperm culture and production of triploids.

Module II: Introduction to the processes of embryogenesis and organogenesis and their practical applications

Micropropagation, axillary bud, shoot-tip and meristem culture. Haploids and their applications. Somaclonal variations and applications (Treasure your exceptions).

Module III: Introduction to protoplast isolation

Principles of protoplast isolation and applications. Testing of viability of isolated protoplasts. Various steps in the regeneration of protoplasts. Introduction of somatic hybridization. Various methods for fusing protoplasts, chemical and electrical. Cybrids- definition and application.

Module IV: Use of plant cell, protoplasts and tissue culture for genetic manipulation of plants

Introduction to A. tumefaciens. Tumor formation on plants using A.tumefaciens (Monocots vs. Dicots). Practical application of genetic transformation.

Examination Scheme:

Components	СТ	Attendance	Assignment/ Project/Seminar/Quiz	EE
Weightage (%)	15	5	10	70

Text & References:

Text:

• M.K. Razdan. An Introduction to Plant Tissue Culture. Oxford and IBH Publishing

- J.H. Dodds and L.K. Roberts. Experiments in Plant Tissue Culture. Cambridge University Press
- K.M.O. Caldenty, W.H. Barz and H.L. Wills, Plant Biotechnology and Transgenic Plants. Marcel Dekker
- J. Hammond, P. McGarvy and V. Yusibov. Plant Biotechnology. Springer Verlag.
- T-J Fu, G. Singh and W.R. Curtis. Plant Cell & Tissue Culture for the production of Food Ingredients. Kluwer Academic/Plenum Press
- S.S. Bhojwani and M.K. Razdan. Plant Tissue Culture: Theory & Practice. Elsevier Health Sciences

ANIMAL BIOTECHNOLOGY

Course Code: BSB 502

Credit Units: 03

Course Objective:

The aim of the course is to provide equal importance to areas like *in vitro* fertilization, animal cell and tissue culture, hormone vaccine and important enzyme production through animal biotechnology.

Course Contents:

Module I

Introduction of animal cell culture substrate, culture media, preservation and maintenance of cell lines.

Module II

Production of monoclonal antibodies. Bioreactors for large scale culture of cells.

Module III

Growth factors promoting proliferation of animal cells (EGF, FGF, PDGF, IL-1, IL-2, NGF, erythropoietin).

Module IV

Transgenic animals. In vitro fertilization and embryo transfer.

Examination Scheme:

Components	СТ	Attendance	Assignment/ Project/Seminar/Quiz	EE
Weightage (%)	15	5	10	70

Text & References:

Text:

• R.I Freshney. Culture of Animal Cells. Wiley-Leiss.

- J.R.W. Masters. Animal Cell Culture A Practical approach. Oxford.
- M. Clynes. Animal Cell Culture Techniques. Springer Verlag.
- M. Butler and M. Dawson. Cell Culture Lab Fax. Bios scientific Publications Ltd.
- R. Basega. Cell Growth and Division A Practical approach. IRL Press.
- Moo-Young, Alan T. Bullm Howard Dalton. Comprehensive Biotechnology. Panima Publication.

STATISTICS FOR BIOLOGY

Course Code: BSB 503

Credit Units: 03

Course Objective:

The course aims to develop competency and expertise in the application of statistical methods applied to biological data obtained in experimental techniques, methodology and the safe laboratory practice.

Course Contents:

Module I

Statistics and Biostatistics: Preliminary concepts; Measures of Central Tendency: Mean, Median, Mode Measures of Dispersion: Range, Standard deviation, Variance

Module II

Probability: Random Experiments, Trial and Event, Sample Space, Mutually Exclusive or Disjoint Events, Mutually Exhaustive Events, Equally Probable Events, Complementary Event, Classical definition of Probability, Statistical definition of Probability.

Module III: Continuous Distribution

Normal Distribution, Properties of Normal distribution

Module IV: Correlation

Bivariate distribution Correlation, Types of Correlation, Simple Correlation Coefficient for ungrouped data, Properties and Interpretation of Correlation Coefficient, Coefficient of determination, Scatter diagram, Standard Error, Probable error of Correlation Coefficient.

Module V: Regression

Definition, Regression lines and Regression Coefficients, Properties of Regression Coefficients, Some examples.

Module VI: Introduction to the following Statistical terms

Parameter, Statistic, Null hypothesis, Alternative hypothesis, Critical region, Type 1 Error, Type 11 Error, Level of significance, P-value and its applications.

Test of Significance for Small samples: One sample t-test, Paired t-test, Degrees of freedom for t-test, F test for equality of Population variances, Degrees of freedom for F-test.

Examination Scheme:

Components	СТ	Attendance	Assignment/ Project/Seminar/Quiz	EE
Weightage (%)	15	5	10	70

Text & References:

Text:

- Ronald N. Forthfer and Eun Sun Lee. Introduction to Biostatistics. Elsevier.
- S.P. Gupta. Statistical Methodology. S. Chand & Co.
- S.C. Gupta. Fundamentals of Statistics. S.Chand & Co.

- K. Visweswara Rao. Biostatistics: A manual of Statistical Methodology for use in Health, Nutrition and Anthropology. Jaypee Brothers
- Kaushal, T.L. Statistical Analysis. Kalyani Publishers
- Potri, D. Statistical Methods. Kalyani Publishers.

GENOMICS & PROTEOMICS

Course Code: BSB 504

Credit Units: 04

Course Objective:

The course helps in developing a detailed understanding of eukaryotic genome complexity and organization. The students will be familiarised with the techniques in Genomics. The course helps in developing a detailed understanding of the analysis of Proteome. The major techniques and methods used will be dealt with in detail.

Course Contents:

Module I

The origin of genomes; Acquisition of new Genes; DNA sequencing-chemical and enzymatic methods; Restriction mapping.

Module II

DNA & RNA fingerprinting; The Human Genome; Phylogeny. SAGE, ESTs, AFLP & RFLP analysis.

Module III

Basic principles of protein structure.

Module IV

2D - gel electrophoresis, mass spectroscopy.

Module V

Modeling of three-dimensional structure of a protein from amino acid sequence; Modeling mutants. Analysis of nucleic acid / protein sequence and structure data, genome and proteome data using web-based tools.

Module VI

Yeast- two hybrid method, GFP Tags, Proteome- wide interaction maps.

Examination Scheme:

Components	СТ	Attendance	Assignment/ Project/Seminar/Quiz	EE
Weightage (%)	15	5	10	70

Text & References:

Text:

- A.D. Baxevanis and B.F.F. Ouellette. Bioinformatics: A practical guide to the analysis of genes and proteins. John Wiley and Sons Inc.
- T. Palzkill. Proteomics. Kluwer Academic Publishers

- Bioinformatics: Sequence and Genome Analysis, D.W. Mount, Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory Press
- DNA Micro arrays: A Practical Approach, M. Schlena, Oxford University Press.
- B. Liu. Statistical Genomics: Linkage, Mapping and QTL Analysis. CRC Press.
- M. Schlena. DNA Micro arrays: A Practical Approach. Oxford University Press.

Credit Units: 03

CLINICAL RESEARCH & PHARMACOVIGILANCE

Course Code: BSB 505 UNIT-I

Basics of general Pharmacology & Drug discovery process

Drug, Receptors, Dosage forms, routes of drug administration, drug receptor interactions, drug drug interactions, drug resistance, drug tolerance, drug dependence, Pharmacokinetic (ADME) and Pharmacodynamic of drugs, Adverse drug effects.

General introduction about Drug discovery and development process, Bioavailability /Bioequivalence Studies and Pharmacovigilance.

UNIT-II

Basics of Clinical trials - Basics of clinical trials, Introduction and history of clinical trials, Types of clinical trials, Inclusion and exclusion criteria, Primary and Secondary outcome/endpoint of clinical trials, Needs of Clinical trials and Phases of clinical trials.

Various Key documents, application filling and Ethical regulation of Clinical trials:

- Investigator Brochure (IB), Protocol & Amendment in Protocol, Case Report Form (CRF),
- Informed Consent Form (ICF), Essential Documents in Clinical Trial Good Clinical Practice: ICH guidelines, Indian GCP guidelines (CDCSO guidelines),
- Investigational new drug (IND) / clinical trial exception (CTX) / clinical trial authorization (CTA) application
- New drug application (NDA/ANDA) / marketing authorization application (MAA)
- ICMR Guideline Ethical Guideline for Biomedical Research on Human Subjects & Schedule Y
- Ethical Codes The Declaration of Helsinki.

UNIT-III

Clinical trial design: Need of clinical trial design

Treatment studies- Randomized controlled trial, Adaptive clinical trial, Nonrandomized trial, Observational studies- Cohort study, Case control study, Cross sectional study, Ecological study

UNIT-IV

Pharmacovigilance:

Introduction to adverse drug reactions: Definitions and classification of ADRs, Detection and eporting, Causality assessment, Severity and seriousness assessment, Predictability and preventability assessment, Management of adverse drug reactions.

Introduction to pharmacovigilance: History and development of pharmacovigilance, Importance of safety monitoring / Why pharmacovigilance

National and international scenario: Pharmacovigilance in India, Pharmacovigilance global perspective, WHO international drug monitoring programme

Adverse drug reaction reporting: Introduction to reporting systems, Spontaneous reporting system, Reporting to regulatory authorities, Guidelines for reporting ADRs in biomedical literature

Drug dictionaries and coding in pharmacovigilance: WHO adverse reaction terminologies, MedDRA and Standardised MedDRA queries.

Reference Books

- 1. Methodology of Clinical Drug Trials, 2nd Edition. Spriet A., Dupin-Spriet T., Simon P. Publisher: Karger.
- 2. Design and Analysis of Clinical Trials: Concepts and Methodologies, 3rd Edition. SheinChung Chow, Jen-Pei Liu. Publisher: Wiley.
- 3. New Drug Development: Design, Methodology, and Analysis, by J. Rick Turner, Published by John Wiley & Sons, 2007.
- 4. Essentials of Medical Pharmacology by K D Tripathi, Published by JAYPEE Brothers Medical Publishers (P) Ltd. 7th Edition 2010.
- 5. Drug Discovery and Clinical Research, by S.K Gupta, Published by JAYPEE Brothers Medical Publishers (P) Ltd.
- 6. A Textbook of Pharmacovigilance: Concept and Practice, by Guru Prasad Mohanta, Published by PharmaMed Press/BSP Books (2015).
- 7. An Introduction to Pharmacovigilance, by Patrick Waller, Published by October 2009, Wiley-Blackwell.

INDUSTRIAL TRAINING EVALUATION

Course Code: BSB 550

Credit Units: 03

Methodology

The students will go to various research institutes/R&D Labs of industries to learn various biotechnological tools and procedures and their utility in commercial applications. The aim of this training is to train the students in the various industrial/Research aspects of commercialization of biotechnological systems.

The students will be supervised by the internal faculty during the tenure of training.

The students shall submit a dissertation on the training undertaken which shall be evaluated by the concerned internal faculty. The Viva Voce shall then be conducted by an external Examiner

Examination Scheme:

Dissertation:	50
Viva Voce:	50

Total: 100

PLANT BIOTECHNOLOGY LAB

Course Code: BSB 521

Credit Units: 01

Course Contents:

Module I

Sterilization techniques of glass wares & equipments. Preparation of cotton plugs & culture media . Preparation and sterilization .of different explants. Inoculation of explants on culture media.

Module II

Culture of plant embryos/seeds. Callus culture. Testing of seed viability.

Module III

Culture of animal cell line. Preparation of competent cells by calcium chloride method.

IA			EE			
Class Test (Practical Based)	Mid Term Viva	Attendance	Major Experiment	Minor Experiment/Spotting	Practical Record	Viva
15	10	05	35	15	10	10

ANIMAL BIOTECHNOLOGY LAB

Course Code: BSB 522

Credit Units: 01

Course Contents:

Module I

Culture of animal cell line

Module II

Preparation of competent cells by calcium chloride method

Module III

Study of toxicity on cell lines

IA			EE			
Class Test (Practical Based)	Mid Term Viva	Attendance	Major Experiment	Minor Experiment/Spotting	Practical Record	Viva
15	10	05	35	15	10	10

GENOMICS AND PROTEOMICS LAB

Course Code: BSB 524

Credit Units: 01

Course Contents:

Module I

Electrophoretic separation of plasmid DNA. Restriction, digestion & ligation of DNA.

Module II

Gene finding tools and genome annotation- Gen Scan, Net Gene, Hmm gene.

Module III

Comparison of two given genomes- Mummer.

Module IV

Homology modeling of 3-D structure from amino acid sequence: SWISS- MODELLER Graphics tools: SWISS- PDB Viewer.

IA			EE			
Class Test (Practical Based)	Mid Term Viva	Attendance	Major Experiment	Minor Experiment/Spotting	Practical Record	Viva
15	10	05	35	15	10	10

TERM PAPER

Course Code: BTB 530

Credit Units: 03

METHODOLOGY

A term (or research) paper is primarily a record of intelligent reading in several sources on a particular subject. The students will choose the topic at the beginning of the session in consultation with the faculty assigned. The progress of the paper will be monitored regularly by the faculty. At the end of the semester the detailed paper on the topic will be submitted to the faculty assigned. The evaluation will be done by Board of examiners comprising of the faculties.

GUIDELINES FOR TERM PAPER

The procedure for writing a term paper may consists of the following steps:

- 25. Choosing a subject
- 26. Finding sources of materials
- 27. Collecting the notes
- 28. Outlining the paper
- 29. Writing the first draft
- 30. Editing & preparing the final paper

1. Choosing a Subject

The subject chosen should not be too general.

2. Finding Sources of materials

- m) The material sources should be not more than 10 years old unless the nature of the paper is such that it involves examining older writings from a historical point of view.
- n) Begin by making a list of subject-headings under which you might expect the subject to be listed.
- o) The sources could be books and magazines articles, news stories, periodicals, scientific journals etc.

3. Collecting the notes

Skim through sources, locating the useful material, then make good notes of it, including quotes and information for footnotes.

- m) Get facts, not just opinions. Compare the facts with author's conclusion.
- n) In research studies, notice the methods and procedures, results & conclusions.
- o) Check cross references.

4. Outlining the paper

- i) Review notes to find main sub-divisions of the subject.
- j) Sort the collected material again under each main division to find sub-sections for outline so that it begins to look more coherent and takes on a definite structure. If it does not, try going back and sorting again for main divisions, to see if another general pattern is possible.

5. Writing the first draft

Write the paper around the outline, being sure that you indicate in the first part of the paper what its purpose is. You

- may follow the following:
- a) statement of purpose
- b) main body of the paper
- c) statement of summary and conclusion

Avoid short, bumpy sentences and long straggling sentences with more than one main ideas.

6. Editing & Preparing the final Paper

- a) Before writing a term paper, you should ensure you have a question which you attempt to answer in your paper. This question should be kept in mind throughout the paper. Include only information/ details/ analyses of relevance to the question at hand. Sometimes, the relevance of a particular section may be clear to you but not to your readers. To avoid this, ensure you briefly explain the relevance of every section.
- b) Read the paper to ensure that the language is not awkward, and that it "flows" properly.
- c) Check for proper spelling, phrasing and sentence construction.

- d) Check for proper form on footnotes, quotes, and punctuation.
- e) Check to see that quotations serve one of the following purposes:
 - (i) Show evidence of what an author has said.
 - (ii) Avoid misrepresentation through restatement.
 - (iii) Save unnecessary writing when ideas have been well expressed by the original author.
- f) Check for proper form on tables and graphs. Be certain that any table or graph is self-explanatory.

Term papers should be composed of the following sections:

- 29) Title page
- 30) Table of contents
- 31) Introduction
- 32) Review
- 33) Discussion & Conclusion
- 34) <u>References</u>
- 35) Appendix

Generally, the introduction, discussion, conclusion and bibliography part should account for a third of the paper and the review part should be two thirds of the paper.

Discussion

The discussion section either follows the results or may alternatively be integrated in the results section. The section should consist of a discussion of the results of the study focusing on the question posed in the research paper.

Conclusion

The conclusion is often thought of as the easiest part of the paper but should by no means be disregarded. There are a number of key components which should not be omitted. These include:

- q) summary of question posed
- r) summary of findings
- s) summary of main limitations of the study at hand
- t) details of possibilities for related future research

References

From the very beginning of a research project, you should be careful to note all details of articles gathered.

The bibliography should contain ALL references included in the paper. References not included in the text in any form should NOT be included in the bibliography.

The key to a good bibliography is consistency. Choose a particular convention and stick to this.

Bibliographical conventions

Monographs Crystal, D. (2001), Language and the internet. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press.

Edited Volumes

Gass, S./Neu, J. (eds.) (1996), Speech acts across cultures. Challenges to communication in a second language. Berlin/ NY: Mouton de Gruyter.

[(eds.) is used when there is more than one editor; and (ed.) where there is only one editor. In German the abbreviation used is (Hrsg.) for Herausgeber].

Edited Articles

Schmidt, R./Shimura, A./Wang, Z./Jeong, H. (1996), Suggestions to buy: Television commercials from the U.S., Japan, China, and Korea. In: Gass, S./Neu, J. (eds.) (1996), Speech acts across cultures. Challenges to communication in a second language. Berlin/ NY: Mouton de Gruyter: 285-316.

Journal Articles

McQuarrie, E.F./Mick, D.G. (1992), On resonance: A critical pluralistic inquiry into advertising rhetoric. Journal of

consumer research 19, 180-197.

Electronic Book

Chandler, D. (1994), Semiotics for beginners [HTML document]. Retrieved [5.10.'01] from the World Wide Web, <u>http://www.aber.ac.uk/media/Documents/S4B/</u>.

Electronic Journal Articles

Watts, S. (2000) Teaching talk: Should students learn 'real German'? [HTML document]. German as a Foreign Language Journal [online] 1. Retrieved [12.09.'00] from the World Wide Web, <u>http://www.gfl-journal.com/</u>.

Other Websites

Verterhus, S.A. (n.y.), Anglicisms in German car advertising. The problem of gender assignment [HTML document]. Retrieved [13.10.'01] from the World Wide Web, <u>http://olaf.hiof.no/~sverrev/eng.html</u>.

Unpublished Papers

Takahashi, S./DuFon, M.A. (1989), Cross-linguistic influence in indirectness: The case of English directives performed by native Japanese speakers. Unpublished paper, Department of English as a Second Language, University of Hawai'i at Manoa, Honolulu.

Unpublished Theses/ Dissertations

Möhl, S. (1996), Alltagssituationen im interkulturellen Vergleich: Realisierung von Kritik und Ablehnung im Deutschen und Englischen. Unpublished MA thesis, University of Hamburg. Walsh, R. (1995), Language development and the year abroad: A study of oral grammatical accuracy amongst adult learners of German as a foreign language. Unpublished PhD dissertation, University College Dublin.

Appendix

The appendix should be used for data collected (e.g. questionnaires, transcripts, ...) and for tables and graphs not included in the main text due to their subsidiary nature or to space constraints in the main text.

Assessment Scheme:

Continuous Evaluation:	40%
(Based on abstract writing, interim draft, general approach,	
research orientation, readings undertaken etc.)	
	60.04
Final Evaluation:	60%
Final Evaluation: (Based on the organization of the paper, objectives/ problem profile/ issue outlining, comprehensiveness of the	60%

research, flow of the idea/ ideas, relevance of material used/ presented, outcomes vs. objectives, presentation/ viva etc.)

BIOPROCESS TECHNOLOGY

Course Code: BSB 531 Course Objective:

Credit Units: 03

The objective of the course is to apply the principles of biochemical engineering in large scale cultivation of microorganism for production of important products.

Course Contents:

Module I

Advantage of bioprocess over chemical process. Basic principle in bioprocess technology. Media formulation, Cell culture techniques; Inoculum development and aseptic transfers. Different types of pumps, valves, and line materials, piping conventions etc. used in Biochemical Process

Module II

Process technology for the production of primary metabolites, eg. biomass, ethanol, acetone-butanol, citric acid, amino acids, polysaccharides and plastics.

Ethanol: production by batch, continuous and cell recycle adopted by various technologies practiced in Indian distilleries using molasses and grains. Computation of fermentation efficiency, distillation efficiency and overall efficiency of ethanol production, recovery, uses, glucose effect etc. Power alcohol – definition, uses, merits and demerits of various technologies for its production.

Amino Acid: Genetic Control of metabolic pathway.

Lysine: Indirect and direct fermentation – mechanism of ph of metabolic block in accumulation of L- lysine by inhibition and repression mechanism.

Biomass: Bakers and distillers yeast production using various raw materials, "bios" factors for growth, Crabtree effect, harvesting, different forms and uses.

What are mushroom, different forms of common mushroom production from agro based raw materials and uses. Biofertilizers, biocompost and biopesticides

Module III

Production of secondary metabolites – penicillin, cephalosporins, streptomycin, tetracycline etc. Metabolites from plant and animal cell culture

Penicillin: Classification, various penicillin as precursor and 'R' – side chain, penicillinase, 6-APA, penicillin production, harvest and recovery, uses of various forms etc.

Streptomycin: chemical structure, production, harvest and recovery, use by-product of streptomycin fermentation etc.

Tetracycline: chemical structure, production, harvest and recovery, use by-product of tetracycline fermentation etc.

Module IV

Microbial production of industrial enzymes – glucose isomerase, penicillin acylase, cellulase, amylase, lipase, protease etc.

Examination Scheme:

Components	СТ	Attendance	Assignment/ Project/Seminar/Quiz	EE
Weightage (%)	15	5	10	70

- Biochemical Engineering- Kinetics, Mass Transport, Reactors and Gene Expression, W F Weith, John Wiley and Sons Inc
- Biochemical Engineering, S Aiba, A E Humphery and N F Millis, University of Tokyo Press
- Bioprocess Engineering Basic Concepts, M.L. Shuler and F. Kargi, Prentice Hall
- Bioprocess Engineering, B.K. Lydersen, K.L. Nelson, B.K. Lyderson and N. D'Elia, John Wiley and Sons Inc.
- Bioprocess Engineering Principles, P Doran, Academic Press
- Biotechnology. A Textbook of Industrial Microbiology, W. Crueger and a. Crueger, Sinauer Associates.
- Principles of Fermentation Technology, P.F. Stanbury and A. Whitaker, Pergamon Press
- Process Engineering in Biotechnolgy, A T Jackson, Prentice Hall

IPR & DRUG REGULATORY AFFAIRS

Course Code: BSB 532

Credit Units: 02

Course Objective:

It will familiarize the students of the IPR issues and regulatory issues pertaining to health care industries. The unit will also cover the regulatory legislation and associated approvals and permissions required to conduct high-quality single-centre, national and international clinical trials. Ethical issues will be considered throughout the unit.

Module-I

General Principles of Intellectual Property: Copyright, Trademark, Inventions-Patentable, Geographical Indications, Industrial Designs, Integrated Circuits, Trade Secrets. Patents: need of patents, major types of patents, International registration of patents, patent term and extension The Patents Act, 1970 – Salient features.

Module-II

Organization: Intellectual Property Rights, World Trade Organization (WTO), World Intellectual Property Organization (WIPO), Paris Convention, Berne Convention, TRIPS Agreement, the Doha Declaration, Patent Cooperation Treaty (PCT), Madrid Protocol.

Module-III

New Drug Application: Steps involved in the development of new drug. New drug applications as per WHO guidelines and abbreviated NDA. Requirement and guidelines on clinical trials, Investigational New Drug Application(IND).

Module-IV

Regulatory affairs and its importance.

Pharmaceutical Regulatory Procedures in India: Hierarchy and working flow of FDA in India, Role of DCGI / CDSCO in drug control, Drug Control Authority and its documentation in the state.

National drug regulatory requirements, national drug policy, over view of schedule M, schedule Y, US FDA guidelines on IND, new drug approvals(NDA), ANDA approvals, SUPAC Changes, SNDA & post marketing surveillance.

Examination Scheme:

Components	СТ	Attendance	Assignment/ Project/Seminar/Quiz	EE
Weightage (%)	15	5	10	70

Suggested Books:

- 1. Drug Regulatory Affairs by Dr. N.S. Vyawahare and SachinItkar, NiraliPrakashan.
- 2. Pharmaceutical Regulatory Affairs by C.V.S. Subrahmanyam& J. ThimmaSetty, VallabhPrakashan.
- 3. Quality Assurance of Pharmaceutics Vol I & II of WHO publications, 1999.
- 4. GMPs by Mehra
- 5. How to Practice GMP by P.P.Sharma.
- 6. GMP of Pharmaceuticals by Willing and Stoker.

COMMUNICATION SKILLS - III

Course Code: BCS 501

Credit Units: 01

Course Objective:

To equip the participant with linguistic skills required in the field of science and technology while guiding them to excel in their academic field.

Course Contents:

Module I

Reading Comprehension Summarising Paraphrasing

Module II

Essay Writing Dialogue Report

Module III

Writing Emails Brochure Leaflets

Module IV: Introduction to Phonetics

Vowels Consonants Accent and Rhythm Accent Neutralization Spoken English and Listening Practice

Examination Scheme:

Components	CT1	CT2	CAF	V	GD	GP	Α
Weightage (%)	20	20	25	10	10	10	5

CAF - Communication Assessment File

GD – Group Discussion

GP - Group Presentation

- Effective English for Engineering Students, B Cauveri, Macmillan India
- Creative English for Communication, Krishnaswamy N, Macmillan
- A Textbook of English Phonetics, Balasubramanian T, Macmillan

UNDERSTANDING SELF FOR EFFECTIVENESS - V (INDIVIDUAL, SOCIETY AND NATION)

Course Code: BSS 503

Credit Units: 01

Course Objective:

This course aims at enabling students towards: Understand the importance of individual differences Better understanding of self in relation to society and nation Facilitation for a meaningful existence and adjustment in society To inculcate patriotism and National pride. To enhance personal and professional excellence

Course Contents:

Module I: Individual differences & Personality

Personality: Definition& Relevance Importance of nature & nurture in Personality Development Importance and Recognition of Individual differences in Personality Accepting and Managing Individual differences (Adjustment Mechanisms) Intuition, Judgment, Perception & Sensation (MBTI) BIG5 Factors

Module II: Socialization

Nature of Socialization Social Interaction Interaction of Socialization Process Contributions to Society & Nation

Module III: Patriotism and National Pride

Sense of Pride and Patriotism Importance of Discipline and hard work Integrity and accountability

Module IV: Human Rights, Values and Ethics

Meaning of Human Rights Human Rights Awareness Importance of human rights Values and Ethics- Learning based on project work on Scriptures like Ramayana, Mahabharata, Gita etc

Module V: Personal and Professional Excellence

Personal excellence: Identifying Long-term choices and goals Uncovering talent, strength and style Alan P. Rossiter's eight aspects of Professional Excellence Resilience during challenge and loss Continued Reflection (Placements, Events, Seminars, Conferences, Projects, Extracurricular Activities, etc.)

Module VI: End-of-Semester Appraisal

Viva based on personal journal Assessment of Behavioural change as a result of training Exit Level Rating by Self and Observer

- Bates, A. P. and Julian, J.: Sociology Understanding Social Behaviour
- Dressler, David and Cans, Donald: The Study of Human Interaction
- Lapiere, Richard. T Social Change
- Rose, G.: Oxford Textbook of Public Health, Vol.4, 1985.
- Robbins O.B.Stephen;. Organizational Behaviour

FRENCH - V

Course Code: FLT 501

Credit Units: 02

Course Objective:

To furnish some basic knowledge of French culture and civilization for understanding an authentic document and information relating to political and administrative life

Course Contents:

Module D: pp. 131 – 156 Unités 10,11

Contenu lexical :	Unité 10: Prendre des décisions
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- 1. Faire des comparaisons
- 2. décrire un lieu, le temps, les gens, l'ambiance
- 3. rédiger une carte postale

Unité 11: faire face aux problèmes

- 1. Exposer un problème.
- 2. parler de la santé, de la maladie
- 3. interdire/demander/donner une autorisation
- 4. connaître la vie politique française

Contenu grammatical:

- 1. comparatif comparer des qualités/ quantités/actions
- 2. supposition : Si + présent, futur
- 3. adverbe caractériser une action
- 4. pronom "Y"

Examination Scheme:

Components	CT1	CT2	С	Ι	V	Α
Weightage (%)	20	20	20	20	15	5

C – Project + Presentation

I – Interaction/Conversation Practice

Text & References:

• le livre à suivre : Campus: Tome 1

GERMAN - V

Course Code: FLG 501

Credit Units: 02

Course Objective:

To enable the students to converse, read and write in the language with the help of the basic rules of grammar, which will later help them to strengthen their language.

To give the students an insight into the culture, geography, political situation and economic opportunities available in Germany

Introduction to Advanced Grammar and Business Language and Professional Jargon

Course Contents:

Module I: Genitive case

Genitive case – Explain the concept of possession in genitive Mentioning the structure of weak nouns

Module II: Genitive prepositions

Discuss the genitive propositions and their usage: (während, wegen, statt, trotz)

Module III: Reflexive verbs

Verbs with accusative case Verbs with dative case Difference in usage in the two cases

Module IV: Verbs with fixed prepositions

Verbs with accusative case Verbs with dative case Difference in the usage of the two cases

Module V: Texts

A poem 'Maxi' A text Rocko

Module VI: Picture Description

Firstly recognize the persons or things in the picture and identify the situation depicted in the picture; Secondly answer questions of general meaning in context to the picture and also talk about the personal experiences which come to your mind upon seeing the picture.

Examination Scheme:

Components	CT1	CT2	С	I	V	Α
Weightage (%)	20	20	20	20	15	5

C – Project + Presentation

I – Interaction/Conversation Practice

- Wolfgang Hieber, Lernziel Deutsch
- Hans-Heinrich Wangler, Sprachkurs Deutsch
- Schulz Griesbach, Deutsche Sprachlehre für Ausländer
- P.L Aneja, Deutsch Interessant- 1, 2 & 3
- Rosa-Maria Dallapiazza et al, Tangram Aktuell A1/1,2
- Braun, Nieder, Schmöe, Deutsch als Fremdsprache 1A, Grundkurs

SPANISH - V

Course Code: FLS 501

Course Objective:

To enable students acquire working knowledge of the language; to give them vocabulary, grammar, voice modulations/intonations to handle everyday Spanish situations with ease.

Course Contents:

Module I

Revision of earlier semester modules

Module II

Future Tense

Module III

Presentations in English on Spanish speaking countries' Culture Sports Food People Politics Society Geography

Module IV

Situations: En el hospital En la comisaria En la estacion de autobus/tren En el banco/cambio

Module V

General revision of Spanish language learnt so far.

Examination Scheme:

Components	CT1	CT2	С	Ι	V	Α
Weightage (%)	20	20	20	20	15	5

C – Project + Presentation

I - Interaction/Conversation Practice

Text & References:

• Español Sin Fronteras, Greenfield

Credit Units: 02

CHINESE-V

Course Code: FLC 501

Credit Units: 02

Course Objective:

What English words come from Chinese? Some of the more common English words with Chinese roots areginseng, silk, dim sum, fengshui, typhoon, yin and yang, T'al chi, kung-fu. The course aims at familiarizing the student with the basic aspects of speaking ability of Mandarin, the language of Mainland China. The course aims at training students in practical skills and nurturing them to interact with a Chinese person.

Course Contents:

Module I Drills Dialogue practice Observe picture and answer the question. Pronunciation and intonation. Character writing and stroke order

Module II

Intonation

Chinese foods and tastes – tofu, chowmian, noodle, Beijing duck, rice, sweet, sour....etc. Learning to say phrases like – Chinese food, Western food, delicious, hot and spicy, sour, salty, tasteless, tender, nutritious, god for health, fish, shrimps, vegetables, cholesterol is not high, pizza, milk, vitamins, to be able to cook, to be used to, cook well, once a week, once a month, once a year, twice a week.....

Repetition of the grammar and verbs taught in the previous module and making dialogues usingit. Compliment of degree "de".

Module III

Grammar the complex sentence "suiran ... danshi...." Comparison – It is colder today than it was yesterday.....etc. The Expression "chule....yiwai". (Besides) Names of different animals. Talking about Great Wall of China Short stories

Module IV

Use of "huozhe" and "haishi" Is he/she married? Going for a film with a friend. Having a meal at the restaurant and ordering a meal.

Module V

Shopping – Talking abut a thing you have bought, how much money you spent on it? How many kinds were there? What did you think of others?

Talking about a day in your life using compliment of degree "de". When you get up? When do you go for class? Do you sleep early or late? How is Chinese? Do you enjoy your life in the hostel?

Making up a dialogue by asking question on the year, month, day and the days of the week and answer them.

Examination Scheme:

Components	CT1	CT2	С	Ι	V	Α
Weightage (%)	20	20	20	20	15	5

C – Project + Presentation

I – Interaction/Conversation Practice

Text & References:

• "Elementary Chinese Reader" Part-II Lesson 39-46

PROJECT/DISSERTATION

Course Code: BSB 660

Credit Units: 25

GUIDELINES FOR PROJECT FILE

Research experience is as close to a professional problem-solving activity as anything in the curriculum. It provides exposure to research methodology and an opportunity to work closely with a faculty guide. It usually requires the use of advanced concepts, a variety of experimental techniques, and state-of-the-art instrumentation.

Research is genuine exploration of the unknown that leads to new knowledge which often warrants publication. But whether or not the results of a research project are publishable, the project should be communicated in the form of a research report written by the student.

Sufficient time should be allowed for satisfactory completion of reports, taking into account that initial drafts should be critiqued by the faculty guide and corrected by the student at each stage.

The File is the principal means by which the work carried out will be assessed and therefore great care should be taken in its preparation.

In general, the File should be comprehensive and include:

- A short account of the activities that were undertaken as part of the project;
- A statement about the extent to which the project has achieved its stated goals.
- A statement about the outcomes of the evaluation and dissemination processes engaged in as part of the project;
- Any activities planned but not yet completed as part of the project, or as a future initiative directly resulting from the project;

Report Layout

The report should contain the following components:

> Title or Cover Page

The title page should contain the following information: Project Title; Student's Name; Course; Year; Supervisor's Name.

Acknowledgements (optional)

Acknowledgment to any advisory or financial assistance received in the course of work may be given.

> Abstract

A good "Abstract" should be straight to the point; not too descriptive but fully informative. First paragraph should state what was accomplished with regard to the objectives. The abstract does not have to be an entire summary of the project, but rather a concise summary of the scope and results of the project

> Table of Contents

Titles and subtitles are to correspond exactly with those in the text.

> Introduction

Here a brief introduction to the problem that is central to the project and an outline of the structure of the rest of the report should be provided. The introduction should aim to catch the imagination of the reader, so excessive details should be avoided.

Materials and Methods

This section should aim at experimental designs, materials used. Methodology should be mentioned in details including modifications if any.

Results and Discussion

Present results, discuss and compare these with those from other workers, etc. In writing these section, emphasis should be given on what has been performed and achieved in the course of the work, rather than discuss in detail what is readily available in text books. Avoid abrupt changes in contents from section to section and maintain a lucid flow throughout the thesis. An opening and closing paragraph in every chapter could be included to aid in smooth flow.

Note that in writing the various sections, all figures and tables should as far as possible be next to the associated text, in the same orientation as the main text, numbered, and given appropriate titles or captions. All major equations should also be numbered and unless it is really necessary never write in "point" form.

> Conclusion

A conclusion should be the final section in which the outcome of the work is mentioned briefly.

> Future prospects

> Appendices

The Appendix contains material which is of interest to the reader but not an integral part of the thesis and any problem that have arisen that may be useful to document for future reference.

References / Bibliography

This should include papers and books referred to in the body of the report. These should be ordered alphabetically on the author's surname. The titles of journals preferably should not be abbreviated; if they are, abbreviations must comply with an internationally recognised system.

Examples

For research article

Voravuthikunchai SP, Lortheeranuwat A, Ninrprom T, Popaya W, Pongpaichit S, Supawita T. (2002) Antibacterial activity of Thai medicinal plants against enterohaemorrhagic *Escherichia coli* O157: H7. *Clin Microbiol Infect*, **8** (suppl 1): 116–117.

For book

Kowalski, M. (1976) Transduction of effectiveness in *Rhizobium meliloti*. SYMBIOTIC NITROGEN FIXATION PLANTS (editor P.S. Nutman IBP), 7: 63-67

ASSESSMENT OF THE PROJECT FILE

Essentially, marking will be based on the following criteria: the quality of the report, the technical merit of the project and the project execution.

Technical merit attempts to assess the quality and depth of the intellectual efforts put into the project. Project execution is concerned with assessing how much work has been put in. The File should fulfill the following *assessment objectives:*

Range of Research Methods used to obtain information

Execution of Research

Data Analysis

Analyse Quantitative/ Qualitative information Control Quality

Draw Conclusions

Examination Scheme:

Total	
Project Report	100
Viva voce	50